### THE TRI-WEEKLY YEOMAN.

Steamboat Departures.

#### Arrival and Departure of Trains.

FRANKFORT AND LOUISVILLE. On and after May 14th, 1871, trains will

follows: 

# Stage Departures.

Office at Capital Hotel. Time for Closing the Mails.

Time for Closing the Mails.

First Louisville and Western mail closes at 6.39 A. M.

First Levington, Cincinnati, and Eastern mail closes at 825 A. M.

Second Louisville and Wustern mail closes at 9.45 P. M.

Second Loxington, Cincinnati, and Eastern mail closes at 9.45 P. M.

Danville mail closes at 9.40 A. M.

Milbary, Versailles, and Georgetown mail closes at 8.25 A. M.

Bri igaport and Clay Village mail closes at 7.90 A. M.

Forks of Elkhorn, Great Crossings, and White Sulphur mail closes at 9.00 A. M.

IFOLICE open from 7 o'clock A. M. tu 650 P. M.

IAMES G.HA FCHIFT, P. M. JAMES G. HATCHITT, P. M.

AUTUMN WOODS.

Ere the northern gale The Summer tresses of the trees are gone, The woods of Autumn, all around our vale, Have put their glory on.

The mountains that enfold In their wide sweep the colored landscape round, Seem groups of grant kings in purple and in

gold, That guard enchanted ground.

Oh. Autumn, why so soon Depart the bues that make the lorest glad; Thy gentle win I and thy fair snany noon, And leave three wild and sad?

Ah! 'twere a lot too blest, Forever in thy shades to stray; Amid the kisses of the soft southwest To roam and dream for aye.

And leave the vain, low strife That makes men mad; the tug for woulth and

power; The passions and the erres that wither life, And waste the little hour.

How London is Governed.

In view of the emberrassing complications now pending in the municipal affairs of New which had been laught the responses of the York, the Evening Post has furnished its readers with some information concerning the system by which Loudon is governed. The facts presented have more or less interest to the citizens of every large city:

The government of London consists of a

mayor, aldermen, and common conucit. Before the Norman conquest, every ten familie in the metropolis were formed into an association, and held responsible for the good conduct of the several members. This was the original of what are now known as the guilds, which under a charter of Elward III, became corpo rate companies. Edward houself was enrolled as a merchant tailor, and the guilds in those days were designed chicfly for the protection of craftsmen; or, in other words, were a specie of trades unions. There are now eighty o these guilds, and membership is gained either by birth, apprenticeship, purchase, or gift. In latter years householders have been admitted by application to the common conneit. such persons are considered freemen of the city, and freemen who are also householders, paying not less than thirty shiftings per annum in the shape of local taxes, can vote for munic

The common council consists of two himdred and forty members, representing the dif-lerent wards of the city, and they are elected for a limited term by the freemen aforesai-The aidermen are twenty-six in number, one for cach ward, cleeted in the same manner, bu for life. Any person elected alderman and refusing to serve is liable to a line of \$2,500. In uncient times there was no common counci and the mayor was chosen by a mass meeting of the people; now, however, the matter is managed in another way. The election occurs on the 29th of September each year, the freemen assembling in the common half and expressing their preference, usually by a show of hands. When a poll is demanded, it remains open for several days. The only eligible candidates are aldermen who have served as sherill, and these two names are selected and submitted to the mayor and ablermen, who generally choose the oldest man. If the successful party declines the honor he is hard \$5,000 for inexcusable modesty. The Lord Mayor receives a salary of \$45,000, but it not intrequently costs in \$20,000 additional to get through his official term respectably. He presides at all alder manic courts, and at meetings of the common council, and in the common hall. He is also a Judge in the court of Hustings, in the central eriminal court, and in the Guildhall Sessions He has his own court to the Mansion House and is occupied from four to six hours each day in the trial of minor cases. Moreover, he is Conservator of the Thames, which requires him to attend to nine courts in a year; i Admird of the Port, head of the lientenancy of the city, cierks of the markets, performs cert in duties in the privy conacil, presides at public meetings, entertains distinguished strangers, and makes himself useful and ornamental id a variety of other ways. Evidently the Lord Mayor of London carns his salary and we can see why it is that the greatest eare is always taken in selecting the proper man lor this highly honorable and responsible posi

The members of the council must be of unimpeachable record, no man who has ever been bankrupt or compromised with his creditors is \$290 for 1st class Pianus—sent on trial—no bankrupt or compromised with his creditors is eligible. The council is the legislative body of the city; it makes, amends and repairs laws, attends to the linances, regulates the navigation of the Thames, amounts, many of the officers of the Thames, appoints many of the officials and fixes their salaries, and is, in short, generally responsible for the entire in magement of thu municipality. There are twelve sessions a thu municipality. There are tweive sessions a year, the intyor presiding, and the aldermen being ex-officio members. Forty members constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the \$22.75 A MONTH.—Horse and entire turnished; expanses paid: samples free. II. B. mayor must be present either in person or by

The duties of aldermen are more simple and The duties of aldermen are more simple and much less one out. Each one is a justice of the peace, and attends for a week at a time in rotation, at Huidhall, for the performance of magisterial business. Taey are all expected to assist the Lord Moyor in his own courts whenever their services are required.

Death of as Old Soldien.— On Fridly night, Robert Stuart, one of the soldiers of the

pight, Robert Stuart, one of the soldiers of the war of 1812, died at Mr. Moses Young's, on the Tate's Creek pike, aged 79 years. Mr. Sturrt was too feeble to attend the meeting of the old soldiers, in Lexington, recently, and, as he has been declining in health for some time, his death was not unexpected.

RENNED A CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

GENTS WANTED haves county for our tast. Settling Mars, religious and hist great Unites. HA ASIS & LIBRECHT Emp ro Map and Chart Establishment, 107 Liberth Street, New York. time, his death was not unexpected.

Iron in Flaming County.

That there is no abundance of iron in this

county there is no question. We have been recently shown by Mr. H. B. Franklin, of the Stremer Blus Wing N., 3 leaves every Tuesday and Fri lay at 3 A. M. for Louisville.

Stemer Wreu leaves every Saturday at 12 M. for Creek. Mr. Franklin has been engaged in test-cincinuati. ing the quality of the ore and the extent of it, and from what we gather from him and other parties, we are confident that the quality of the ore is of the best, and that its quantity is inexhaustible. All that is needed is proper development. This iron mountain of Mr. leave Frankfort duly (Sundays excepted) as Franklin is situated about nine miles from this place, and is easily reached, being situated on a good turnpike, and directly on the route of the railroad which will run from Maysville through this place to the mountains. We ex peet to visit these iron regions in a short time and examine them for ourselves, and then we will endeavor to give our readers a more extended notice of them, and the propriety of at once building a railroad through the county in order that our wast mountain regions may be developed, and their rich treasures brought to market. The iron is undoubtedly there, and that too in large quantities, and we should by all means lend to our mountain neighbors the proper cucomagement to explore their mineral wealth, the extent of which they little dream of at present.-Flimingsburg Democrat.

> CLARK CHIEF AND CERTIS' HAMBLETONIAN .-These two noted stallions are dead. Clark Chief, the property of Mr. John Mardis, of Clark county, died at Pine Grove on Friday 14st. Cartis' Hambletonian died on the place of his owner in Madison county. The loss of Clark Chief will be widely left among alt the lovers of the trutting horse, the get of this noble stallion being among the best and most prized in the State. He was not remarkable as a first trotter, possessing more endurance than speed; but he is the sire of some of the fastest troiters in the country. Now that he is dead, his stock will rise considerably in volus a fact that intending purchasers might profit by remembering .- Lexington Press.

15 1f the Jackson's Parchase snoteels in bring transferred to Tennessie, we shall miss upon having the Blue-grass Region annexed to Texas, for we never have believed that on part of the State was located far enough South A great many benefits, which we do not enjo low, would accrue to us from being annexe to Texas. We could graze our eattle free crent, have mild winters and pleasant summer and could enjoy the exhiberating effects of the Gulf breeze once in a while, besides having the variety of our life spiced by an occusiona nor easter. If the "Par hase" goes over to Tennessee, then give us Texas or give us death Mt. Sterling Sentinel.

DO A lady writes from Chicago that, in re flecting upon what property to save from the burning dwelling, she was at loss which to take -her parrol, the weeks of a favorile poet, of the family Bible. It ought not to be remem-bried against her that the parrol escaped. while the poems and the family Bible perished for, in the midst of the confusion, the bird Litany, cried in a land voice, "Good Lord, de liver us," and delivered it was.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

# FOR SALE.

PRONTING ON WASHINGTON AND CENTRE the group may vacant in brankfast, and de ining to secure good and permana a for their families could not do better than

R. C. STEELE, Real Estate A part



 $W^{\rm E}$  HAVE NOW IN YARD AND FOR SALE forcy thousand Bashels of KENTUCKY, PEYTONA CANNEL, COALDERG,

Youghiogheny Coal! To which we invite the attention of Dealers and SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS OFFERED TO

Wholesale Buyers. Yard and Senles near Railroad Depot. Frankfort MACKLIN & BRAWNER.



BLACK & CHINN. A T THEIR OLD STAND, HAVE NOW A FULL

CAMPBELL'S CREEK, PEY FONA, CANNEL, AND

PITTSBURG COALS, That they are selling at the very lowest market

### 8 O'CLOCK.

SHAW. Alfred. Me.

RIFLES, SHOT-GUNS, REVOLVERS.

Lexington Prees. cheap at Helms' Old Stand.

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, OCTOBER 28, 1871.

### NEW DVERTISEMENTS. CRUMBS of COMFORT

Patented November 1, 1870. SAMPLES FREE AT ALL GROCERY STORES. II. A. BARTLETT & CO., Philadelphia.

### FREE TO BOOK AGENTS.

We will send a handsome Prospectus of our New Illustrated Family Bible, containing over 200 fine scripture Illustrations, to any Book Agent, free of charge. Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO, Philadeluhia, Pa.

10.000 AGENTS WANTED FOR

# GUIDE TO HEALTH. Hand-Made Sour-Mash Whisky,

By Dr. W. W. HALL, Author of "Journal of Realth." The best selling Book in the Market. H. N. McKINNEY & CO., 16 North 7th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

THY US!

We send a valuable gift to every purchaser of a book. \$100.00 worth of gifts are distributed with every \$250 worth of books we sell. Age its wanted to form clubs. Write for our classified catalogue and references. If M. EVANS & CO.,712 Ches nut. Street, Philadelphia.





AGENTS WANTED Fredu PICTORIAL sive territory granted on the PICTORIAL HOME BIBLE.

Contains over 300 HAPISTRATIONS, 1s as implied Library of Bibbled Knowledge, Excells all others. In english and Berman. Send for circulars, WM, FIANT & CD, Philidelphia, Pa

# Oxesthird of the groundity was retained and to the oxedimity of Flucturing Extracts; they are Taue 106 medium by Flucturing Extracts; they are Taue 106 medium by Real Flux Research them 100 MCRT by The Best 107 mill by Research them 100 MCRT by The Best 107 mill by Research them.

a de who have sixed money, health and life. E. B. HEAT, Pabits er, 805 Broadway, N. Y.

#### REDUCTION of PRICES TO CONFORM TO

REDUCTION OF DUTIES. GREAT SAVING TO CONSUMERS

BY DETTING UP CLUBS.

R. P. Send for our New Price List and a club form will accompany it, containing full directions—making a large saving to consumers and remunerative to (Inb organizers. THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,

P. O. Box 5643. STREET, NEW YORK. AGENTS WANTED FOR

# STATE-PRISON LIFE

By One who has Been There. By Une who has Been There.

A strangely fascinaiting, powerfully written, and thoroughly reliable hook. From no new stand-point and upon a subject of vital and absorbing interest lates purts, showing the horrors of the barbatous system of treatment in vogon in more present and the advantages of the sistem recently ingularized in others. Together with a true and detailed necessary of the militreatment and crucities practiced uson prisoners, also shames have for min divies with thate contacts, mathress, muders, story legs which pings, harr breadth o cap's, sketches and i will bust, nare tives, pen p chales, sunstand and shade, fillustrative of prison lie. With the sold, has a Convict, in a Convict, in a Convict, Strain, in one vol. 540 pages, over 50 elegant currayings, in de expression for this book. At sample pages, stinde diffusivations, sent on application—, a bound presingens to be cents. U. F. Vr.NT, Cincinnati, New York, and Chienco.

## JURUBEBA.

It is NOT A PHYS.C-It is NOT what it is populate carled, a BITTERS, nor is it intended as such. IT IS A SOUTA AMERICAN point that has been used for many years by the medical tanning of those controls with wonderful effects as a 190WER IT. ALTERATIVE and UNEQUALLO PURIFIER OF THE BIJOOD and is a Sure and Perfect Requely for fill disease of the

Liver and Spleen, Enlargement or Ot-struction of Intestines. I many, Uter-ine, or Abdomnai Organs. Pover-ty or a want of Blood Inter-mittent or Remittert Pevers, Inflamation of the Liver,

Dropsy, Sluggish
Circulation of the Blocd.
Abscesses, Tumors, Jaundice Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Ague and Fever, or their Concomitants.

DR. WELL'S EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA is offered to the public as a great invigorator and reme of for all impurities of the blood, or for eignic weakness with their attendant evils. For the foregoing complaints

it confidently recommended to every family as a bousehold remade, and should be freely taken in all deringements of the system, it gives beath, v.g., and to not to all be viral forces, and a riportes and fortiff sall wear and b mphatic tempera nears.

JOHN Q KELLOGG, Is Plant SL, Yew York, Sole Agent for the 1 nit. d States, Price One Pollur per Bottle. Send for Circular neth 4w.

# STORE HOUSE.

JOHN KIERNAN has facilities for storing a

WHISKY Or Other Merchandise. And offers the same to the public at a reasonable rate of energe.

# Rye Wanted.

WANTED TO PURCHASE A FEW THOU-sand Bushels Good tipe, for which the highest price will be paid by G. B. MAUKLIN,

MISCELLANEOUS.

#### LUMBER!

IN ADDITION TO ROUGH LUMBER OF levery variety, we have on hand at our Mills, just below the Railroad Bridge, Dressed and Rough Wenther-bounding, Dressed Plank, and Yellow Pine and Poplar Flooring, all of which we will sell low

sep3:w&w-3m JOHNSTON & MAHONEY.

# O. F. C.

# For Use of the Family and the Dengglst.

ITS PURITY AND SUPERIORITY (SO WELL, known and appreciated in this community) especially cummend it for the above uses.

Santiaf E. H. TAYLOR, Jr

## FOR SALE, A LARGE & SPLENDID FARM,

PERSONAL PROPERTY EALTH REQUIRING ME TO WINTER in Florida, I willsell the Farm on which I reside, containing over seven hundred and eighty seres, situate in Franklin and Woodon the Railroad to Lexington, and the Turn pike to Versailles, and I can confidently say here is no better farm in Kentucky, all things considered.

The Location is beautiful, convenient, and healthy.
The Buildings are elegant, spacious, substantial, and for all appropriate purposes; the Farm being supplied with three other confortable dvellings and suitable buildings, oe

des the principal residence. The Soil was naturally good, and has been opt in a high state of fertifity, and is now ady to yield the heaviest crops of hemp, rains, and grasses.
The Water is of all kinds, abundant, and

convenient for domestic, stock, and ornaments The Fencing is of durable materials of

arions kinds, is in good condition, with tim ber ample for future supply.

Society is excellent; and religious, educaional, and social conveniences abundant und

A Division of the Farm into four parts can e judicionsly effected, so that each will have ts appropriate dwelling and other bublings and I will self separately that part on the north side of the rangoad, having superior soil, water, fimber, roads, and two sets of buildings, dl in good condition.

The Terms will be made easy, after a cash payment of one half of the purchase money at the time of giving possession in October next. Purchasers are invited to inspect the premises n person, or upply by mail for full descrip-

An Auction Sale will be held on the premise on the 5th of September next, consisting of Durham Cattle, "Improved Kentucky" Sheej Cashmere Goats, Fattening Hogs, Farm one Siddle Horses, Crops on hand, and Implement all kinds, which will be duly advertised.

ROBERT W. SCOTT. FRANKFORT, KY., July 1st, 1871.-tf

## A. G. BRAWNER Contractor and Builder

FRANKFORT, KY. Will contract for turnishing, making, and tay ing brick, curbing, paving. de. Orders solicited from this and the admining counties.

HARRIS H. JOHNSTON

# T. MAHONEY & CO.,

FRANKFORT, KY,

RE PREPARED TO BUILD IN STONE, Brick, or Wood, any structure, in any part of the State. april-1f.

# STEPHENS & MANGAN,

Frankfort, Ky.,

TILL CONTRACT FOR FURNISHING and Laying Brick; and have now on have Three Hundred Thousand Brick, of superior quality, for sale. June 15-tf.

# GENERAL LAWS

### STATE OF KENTUCKY. Passed at the adjourned session of the

Legislature of 1869-'70,

Are now published, and can he had at the office of the Kentucks Yeoman. Sent hy mail, postage paid, up on the receipt of ONE DOLLAR.

# L. W. GLORE,

AVING bought out John W. Bartlett, has filled up his stock, and now has a large and well-selected assortment of Family Groceries,

### NOTICE.

VISITORS ARE ONLY RECEIVED AT THE Institution to: Feeblo-Mundeda Dell'ern, on the THURSDAY EVENINGS. Between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M. TrParents and Guardians having Children in the Institution, and Members ut the Legislature are not included in this notice. E. H. BLACK,

Grate Setting & Hearth Laying, RICHARD M. GOSNEY BRIEFS neath printedy at Yeoman () FFERS his services to the citizens of Frankfir Mico.

() FFERS his services to the citizens of Frankfir Mico do any kind of Brick Laying Grate Setting, Hearth Laying, or Repairing, doc2.

# WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

# WM. DAVIS,

HALL BUILDING, MAJOR

FRANKFORT, KY.

30,000 lbs Iron. Steel, & Nails of best brands, bought before rise, for sale low.

No. 4. No. 5. No. 12.

Leave Nicholasville. 450 a. m. 2,00 p. m. 11 55 a. m. Arrive Lexington... 7.60 do 2,50 do 42.35 p. m. 12.35 p. m. 12 fore rise, for sale low.

2,000 lbs. celebrated Phœnix White Lead, direct from factory. commonly called Arrise are run by Cincinnuit line.

All Traine run daily. Sundays excepted. factory, commonly called "Eagle."

30 bbls. assorted Oils and Painters' material. Paints mixed to order.

2,500 lbs. dry Paints and Colors in Oil, &c. 7 bbls. New Jersey Varnishes,

A No. 1. Stock of Paint and other Brushes. 150 bbls. Lime, Cement,

Plaster Paris, and White

Sand. 100 bushels Canadian Hair. 10,000 Bolts Wall Paper. New Philadelphia Styles. I trim same, free of cost,

ready to hang. 100 boxes 1st quality New Albany Window-Glass, single, double, and triple. All sizes furnished and cut

any shape [free]. Looking-Glasses and Plates, all at low rates.

Sash, Doors, and Shutters, a

full assortment. Agent for the Ætna Reaping and Mowing Machines, Plows, Double Shovels, Horse Rakes, Cultivators and Hand Power Lawn Mowers, and Harvesting Goods.

A FINE SELECTION

# MECHANICS TOOLS ALWAYS ON HAND.

Call on me, and you won't, call any

CINCINI ATI ADVERTISERENTS.

JOHN R. HOOLE & SON, IMPORTERS, MANCFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN BOOMBINDERS' STOCK

TOOLS AND MACHINERY, NO. 50 MAIN STREET,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

# METROPOLITAN

(Main Street, between Front and Second) CINCINNATI, O.

### BOARD REDUCED TO

\$2 PER DAY. MRS. R. THURSTON ---- Proprietress Mr T. C. GAPDIS has an interest in this house from this date. April 224 R. THURSTON



CINCINNATI PAPER WAREHOUSE CHATFIELD & WOODS,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Paper Dealers

7" 79 Walnnt St., Cincinnati.

# VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

A TWO-STORY BRICK RESIDENCE OF 12 and adjuining the residence a ctore room 40 by 20, and two stories high, with a two-ctury stable attached. Enquire of R. A. BRAWNER,

TRAVEL.

NO. 171.

# Kentucky Central R. R.

GENERAL TICKET OFFICE, COVINGTON, KY., Nov. 26th, 1869. ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 1st, Passenger Trains willgun as follows:

GOING SOUTH. No. 1. No. 2 No. 9.
Leave Covington... 7.55 a. m, 1.20 p. m. 4.20 p. m.
Arrive Falmouth... 9.48 do 3.13 do 6.30 do
do Cynthiana... 10.58 do 4.25 do
do Paris....... 11.40 do 5.10 do
do Lexington... 12.35 p m. 6.25 do No. 11.
Leavo Lexington... 12.45 do 7.50 do 11.05 a. m.
Arrive Nicholasville 1.25 do 8.30 do 11.45 do

GOING NORTH,

Ro. 1s

H. P. RANSOM,

MEDICAL.

### Ayer's Sarsaparilla, FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.



The reputation this excellent undicine enjoys, is derived from its enries, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofishous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and curred by it. Scrofusous affections and disorders, which were agravated by the scrofusous contamination until undicted the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofusous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and urfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack ut enfecthing or tatal diseases, without exciting a snaperion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, inhervies may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by emptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons inflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILL.

Late St. Authony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter. Salt Rideum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and other eruptions or visible forms of Scrofulous disease. Also in the more concended forms, as Duspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, and the various Ulcerous affections of the museular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it, though a long time is required for subdning these obstinate mandales by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. Leucorrhaa or Whites, Urerine Ulcerations, and Female Diseases, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.



# fee''e can t the them with perfect safely. For Price, \$i per lox, sold by all Druggists. For Alletters seeling information or advice, will be promptly answered



Cures all diseases caused ly helf-abuse, viz.: Spermatorrolea, Semiual Weakness, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, Universal Lassuade, Pains in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, Weak Nerves, Difficult Breathing, Pale Countenance, Insanity, Consumption, and all diseases that follow as a sear once of youthful indiserctions.

Each package contains one bottle filled with Sugar-coated Pills, and one vial filled with Medicated Powders, sufficient to make one-half pirit of injection: and one Syringe.

En Price, \$ i per package, by mail, \$5 50. Sold by Bruggists everywhere.



Medicated Powders, sufficient to make one pin to finjection; and one Syringe.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

Wo desire to send our thirty-two page pamphlet, entitled "Man and Woman as Invalids," to every reader of this paper. Send address, with Stamp to pay return postage, and address as follows:

117 NOATH PIXTH STREET,

Blank Books of every kind for sale at Helms' old stand.

PURLINEED BY

### B. I. MEMAJOR.

ished every fuesday, thursday, and Saturday, a fee deltars per annum, hovariable in advance tones may be sent by absilat our risk. The Weekly Yeoman is published every Friday at two dollars per annum, in advance.

#### ADVERTISING !

Rates of advertising in tri-weekly: One square, first insertion.
One square, each continuance.
Rates of advertising in Weekly:
One square, to lines acaparellar less, I inser-

tion...
er each subsequent insertion...
IF Fisorble column advertisements, or administ to occup, a fixed place, 50 per cent t. rel. i on Archimetal control ets can be made for larger and entitlements to be parted in rethan once.

J. STODDARD JOHNSTUN, Editor.

SATURDAY \_\_\_\_OCTOBER 28. 1871.

# HON. GARRETT DAVIS' SPEECH. in full in the city papers of Thursday murn- themselves and their posterity.

form. Its very great length must be our America by a written Constitution apology for not giving it entire, as it would be apology for not giving it entire, as it would be apology for not giving it entire, as it would be the transformation, and all powers that were not conteried upon it by the United States were as assumed, the conclusion of fact. ing it within the reach of all who desire to people.

The Constitution arranged the powers estabperuse it at length, fortunately remders it lished by it into legislative, executive, and juunnecessary that we should do so. We divid, and provided for the organization of a therefore only give some of the more impor- distinct magistracy to administer cach class tant extracts.

characterizes all of his public efforts, begins. Among them are the freedom of religious equihis speech with an inquiry into the object of all human government, and passes on to a to potation Congress for a redress of grievances. consideration of the origin of our own Amer to keep and bear arms, to be secure in their ican system, contrasting it with the more despotic forms of Europe, and pointing out the rest under general warrants or special warrant similarity of some of the features to those of not supported by oath, not to be held for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on the purer republics of ancient times. After a presentment or indictment of a gr. no jur this prelimmary introduction, the Senator except in cases arising in the land or naval takes up the question of States rights.

phraseology altogether inconsistent with the ness against hincere; nor be deprived of life, thouse of averagent which he evalves as he rebellion. The use of the ferm however, serves only to blentity Mr. Davis the more wherein the crune shall have been committed; strongly with those who, at the beginning of the war, opposed the action of the South and exhausted the powers of the Federal Govern ment to bring the Southern States under its taver, and to have the assistance of counsel for was the administration of Mr. Lincoln indebted for his success in securing the active za-opera.

This a snammy of American liberty, which some others.

After discussing the political situation fully, Government was designed. Fillmore for President.

Best We are very glad to have again among existence any and all that attempt to over-throw them by force or freed. our files the Chicago Times, one of the most vigoreus and readable papers in the whole fall naturally into legislative, executive, country. Though somewhat reduced in pro- indicial; and the governments of countries! fundamental law is written, portions by the fire, it lacks none of the ex that are, in any degree, five or liberal, are so Accordingly, the Toirteenth Am alment portions by the fire, it lacks none of the ex that are, in any degree, five or liberal, are so portions by the fire, it lacks none of the ex-collent qualities which have given it prominence classified. But, in relation to our own, the was submitted to all the States February, 1, error is often fallen into of conceding to its 1965, and the Secretary of State, December 18. in the past. We specially note and appland departments, from analogy, powers that are its arraignment of the policy which imposed exercised by the same depart and in other virtual martial law npon Chicago as an addi-This is a finitful source of crior. The Govtional calamity to the fire, and argued that an eriment of the United States is not copied in army was necessary to protect the people of whole or in part, from any other; and its principles, powers, and forms are all written out in the Constitution, and whatever cannot there be generation to educate the people into the found is to be rejected. belief that they are incapable of self-government, if, upon every such pretext, a Federal constability is substituted for the codinary law of the land;" whe President of the United means of preserving order. The killing of a States shall take care that the lows be faith? prominent citizen, Col Grasverner, by the ly executed; " "Congress shall have power to rejection of the Tairteenth Amen basent. military police, has furnished the Tunes with the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, an excellent text, and it is using it well. We and repet invasions; and mo make all hows should be glad, by-the-by, if it would enlighten us in regard to the Kn-Klax opera-adl other powers vested by the Constitution in tions, by which men were said to have been the Government of the United States, or in any hung up to the lamp-post for alleged arson department or officer thereof. Therefore, whenever the execution of the and robbery. We know that Allen Pinker | laws of the United States is recisted, or there ton, chief of police, issued an order author- is insurrection against their authority, the izing men to be shot down without arrest. Government has the power, and the duty izing men to be shot down without arrest. but it has been denied that there was any the laws, and to suppress the insurrection; lynching. We have before us the report of a lift the case requires it, by sams. This being sermon of Rev. Thomas M. Eddy, of Balti- done, the whole power of the trivering exhaustel. There is no provision of more, who says that he saw "the blackened corpses of robbers and incendiaries hanging by to do anything more. The truth of this to gibbets." We can well understand how under great provocation, popular indignation have been received by those who are loudest of three hundred and forty-four; the constitu in denouncing the people of other localities pose amendments to the Constitution, the votes where they occur, has formed one of the no- of forty-three Senators and one hundred and table incidents growing out of the Chicago sixty-three Representatives were necessary ca'amity. As the Times is showing, it makes ance from the eleven secoding States, and but a great difference who controls the mob.

Chicago fire never will be fully known. Im for them the vote of two-thirds of the whole mediately following the event it was an- number of both Houses. nounced that the original emancipation party required desperate measures, and its proclamation of President Lincoln, for which leaders determined to patch the Constitution the Historical Society had given twenty-five thousand dollars, had been swallowed up by the remorkeless flames. This was such a Territories of Nevada and Nebraska as States startling horror that we at once set on foot a into the Union, when neither of them had one third of the population to entitle them to a subscription for funds to procure another, single Representative in Congress. They ad- proposition, but it becomes a new one. that the original pike which John Brown catried at Hurper's Ferry was also burned.

Fortunately the latter can be supplied as the supplied asu there are known to be several other originals from his seat. They received the consent of an unconstitutional and small fragment of a

THE TRI-WEEKLY YEOMAN EXPRICTS FROM THE SPEECH OF HOW GARRETT DAVIS, DELIVERED IN LOUIS VILLE, OCTOBER 24, 1871.

> STATES DIGHTS. State rights, Federal Government, and popular liberty are substantially synonyms; and while there have been and costill continuing to be made in our country such great and per sistent efforts by the desi erate faction in power to saffocute this leading and paramount principle of our system, it is cheering to perceive

Hungary has made a contest for it with Austria of more than a centary's duration, and, in the last 'ew years, has muf it contirmed to her in destinct terms; for even a longer pe ri d a large portion of thermany has had its benefit in broken periods, under different federal organizations, and has never ceased to do mand it, and but recently it has been incorpo rate I in the Constitution of the German Empire; France and Italy are clamoring for and a voice swelling from Eagland calls for it for Great Britain and her dependencies. Its iestiny is to take possession of the civilizat

The war of independence was fought by the United States under the old Articles of Confederation. A condition of peace soon demonstrated its total inefficiency to hold together the States, and fulfill the important ends for! which it had been designed; and, therefore, the people substituted for it a Government that On Wednesday night Hon. Garrett Davis addressed the people of Louisville upon the the common detense, promote the general welpolitical situation in a speech which appeared fore, and secure the blessings of liberty to

ing, and which is also published in pamphlet of a Government for the United States of

Its powers were specified and delegated by min. Its already extensive circulation plac- reserved to the States respectively, or to the

To put certain rights and liberties of the cople above and beyond all question, they Mr. Davis, with the thermalness which were named and declared in the Constitution forces, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor for the From this he passes to a discussion of the same effense to be twice put in jeopardy of his Lite civil war, which Mr. Davis, adopting a or timb; nor in any commod case to be a wit theory of government which he evolves, as law; nor private property to be taken for pulwell as with the etymology of the term, styles | lie use without just compensation; in all crime subjection. To no man more than himself his defense; to be exempt from excessive to il

tion of Kentucky in the late war, the limits of spring from the age and country of Alfred the Great, which a Plantage net King was constrained to confirm to the people of Eagland ernment against which Mr. Davis now hurls, by the great charter of Runnymede, which his anathemas. Against uim there can he no charge of treason in the loyal acceptation of their term, and he may be said to have carned ecunity, which they embodied as the supreme the right to criticise the acts of the conquer- law in their several States, which they wrote ors, of those whem Le terms rebels, with a and there declared should be held involable freedom and severity inadmissible, perhaps, in by the theverament which it created; and the more seeme cop yment of which, by the American people, was the great office for which that

Mr. Davis reviews the character and military | They are the noble prerogatives with which history of Gen Grant with marked severity. the God of nature has endowed naiversal manhood, and for which all true men ought to live His speech closes with the nomination of Mr and dare to die. That party which supports them in good faith alone deserves the corfideuce of the people; they should sweep from

THE LOWERS OF GOVERNMENT

lavolves agon it, to enforce the execution of one, the whole power of the Government i ible in the Constitution that gives it authori position was conceded by all at the beginning

of the rebellion, ILLEGALITY OF THE AMENDMENTS

tion requiring two thirds of both Houses t caro-But there was only a single Senator in a tendabout a half dozen Representatives; all the Democratic Senators and Representatives were opposed to the Radical schemes to amend the The terrible losses suffered by the Constitution, so that it was impossible to obtain

But the state of the affairs of the Rodical New Jersey, who had been legally elected, from his seat. They received the consent of an unconstitutional and small fragment of a Legislature of Virginia to the erection of the new States of West Virginia within her jarisdiction. They denied to the States the one of the other and the propose both, but only the one of the states and its Government are a propose to propose the one of them they must propose, and having it would be no more effectual than efforts to a may be their will.

The United States and its Government are a propose to propose the one of them they must propose to propose the one or the other working and human scrifter to propose and having the one of them they must propose the one or the other will.

The United States and its Government are a propose to propose and having the propose to propose and having the one or the other will.

The United States and its Government are a propose, and having the one or the other will.

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The United States and its Government are a propose, and having the one or the other will.

The United States and its Government are a propose to the Presidential veto of unconstitutional Radial powers, but not sovereign; not a power superior to all others, but substitute to the sovereign and marshated a facilities to the constitution; to overmle the propose to the other will.

The United States and its Government are a propose, and having the one or the other will.

The United States and its Government are a propose to the propose to the propose to the other and the propose to the other will.

The United States and its Government are a propose to the propose to the constitution; to overmle the propose to the propose to the constitution of the propose to the con An examination by two engineers re- diction. They denied to the States that had

to be looming up in so many countries of

liese spurious amendments of the Constitution, | both either could not be entertained for an instant osition until ratified originated in the

Everybody knows, and it has never been denied, that these amendments were submitted by less than two thirds of the whole number of submission respectively; but the Radical posihad not, nor were they entitled to have, Senators or Representatives in Congress; and that two thirds of the Senators and Representatives then, in fact, elected, or that could then have voted for these propositions of amendments.

arrived at from it would be wholly unauthor-

and Affecth Amendments, the tebellon had been suppressed, the role sixed ground. I their and authorities of the United States; the see the g States had reliable total their govern ments, and had chosen their Sociators and Reresentatives to Pongress, who had appeared it the bar of the two Houses and isked to be admitted to their soils, but were doned by t Constitution and the rights of the States.

The States-unt those which engaged in the rebellion any more than these that del notdo not derive their right to have Senators and Representatives from Congress, but from the Constitution, and Congress has no power to being then in full and equal submission to the Constitution and laws, they all had an equal right, and they all had classen Senators and Representatives; and the two Houses had but a single plain power and duty, to admit the

The R' dicals have made a di l'erent au 1 d'scordant construction of this fifth article, as to the action of the two licuses of Congress and of the States upon propositions to am nd the Constitution. As to toagress, their position is that no State that entered into the rebelion is to be considered in the Union, or entitled to representation in the two lineses, until Concress shall have passed an act conceding that right for the particular State. But they submitted each muculment to all the States, the seceding as well as the ad ering ones; and on the first vote of all the States on the Fourteen'h Amendment, eveluding the vole of the seceding States, and there were more than three tourills of all the other States for d.

amendment. They therefore produced seven ally large concurrence of both. They prescribe heir Legislatures to rathty it.

of both Houses to make the submitted for the top of both Houses to treatly expressed. A remend requirements are clearly expressed. A remend ment of the Coasts from comod be made un-less all the States are represented a both Houses of Longress, and without being sub-of both Thomes, as their nambers are the mitted to all of them to, ratification. So our fixed by the Coast intion and laws, and in

certified that it had been ratified by twentyseven States, naming them, being three fourths osition there made to a cool the Constituti of the whole mumber, there years, and among the States that voted for it were Virginia, Teneral excluded from representation, in whole or par North Carolina and Gorgin, all of them have clusion an abneodown of the Constitution being been engaged in the rebellion; and their proposed, such proposed in weard be reade unproposed. votes, with that of West Virginia, a State that could not have been admitted into the Union afterwards rathled by three fourths of the without the consent, real or colorable, of the rebel State Virginia, were necessary to give to

On the first and field vote of all the States, it tion, such excursion would render bull and received, including Tennessee, the vote of but wood the proposed amendment, though it was Constitution, the forteenth proposed amends. Constitution, such excussion would render on l.

The States are bound to accept the mode by overthrow. sulted in a report that it will cost \$18,000.

One to finish the improvements begin in Washington.

The States are bound to accept the mode by overthick.

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The States are bound to accept the mode by was adjusted by the Constitution. They and prove the ingle of the States of the States are bound to accept the mode by the crise of some of the lightest powers of gov. I have adjusted by the Constitution. They and the power state by the crise of some of the lightest powers of gov. I have adjusted by the Constitution. They are crise of some of the lightest powers of gov. I have adjusted by the Constitution. They are crise of some of the lightest powers of gov. I have adjusted by the Constitution. They are crise of some of the lightest powers of gov. I have adjusted by the Constitution. They are crise of some of the lightest powers of gov. I have a district on the crise of some of the lightest powers are crise of some of the lig

the two Houses to a minority from a priority b taully standing proposition, nor for a century, of the whole number of each, as established by the Constitution, and recognized by the practice of both Houses from the beginning of the Government of the States within a reasonable time, and by each State but once. It is a special, single isolated act of duty; not discretion; a timel of It was flore the Radical Houses of Con- to be performed by each State; it may ratify a ress qualified themselves for the performance or reject, but is bound to do the one or the of their legislative duties, and for the tran other; at I having done either, its waste powscendent'y important work of proposing er is exhausted; it is feactus offere. Whether nonendmen's to the Constitution. And their Congress may propose to the estates to act by work has been worthy of their preparation for their Legi lattics or conventio a neither in-

is, that they were not proposed by two thirds of either House of Congress. The mode of ben hing amendment was finally disposed of it amending the Constitution is clearly stated in latitled, but not if rejected. The Constitution the lifth article, and must be cursued in its em odies no such unreasonable whom; for this every process; it would be as legitimate and would establish a perpetual proposition for ratvalid in the proposition of an amendment to diffication and but one for rejection-thus dispense wholly with the vote of the two trilling about the gravest matter! The quesdispense wholly with the vote of the two Houses wholly with the vote of the two Houses of Congress as with one vote less than two thirds of both Houses—a proposition for two thirds of both Houses—a proposition for two thirds of both Houses—a proposition for the two thirds of the two the bellion, not for tried but for conviction.

If Congress were to recommend to the States to act upon a proposed amendment by conventhe members of which both Houses, by the Constitution and bays, consisted at the time of act on the proposition, would adjourn sine die, and would exist no more. Who would think tion is, that the States lately in rebellion then of ever calling that convention together afterwards to be togain on that proposed ance . darcat? Who would contend tint Congress, by recommembring the action of the States to be by their Legislatures, could enlarge, modify, or pro'ong oan constitutionally and legally elected, had the power of the States, or make it different and therefore they had been constitutionally ventious? When the States act upon a proposed amondment, whether it be by flegislathres or conventions, each State can act but

There are analogies in the Constitution which enforce this position. In the business of electing a President, "the electors shall meet the House of Rypresembetives shall choose ma-

President, one of whom is not an inhabitant of he same State with themselves. When they ave so vo ed for President and Vice President, their part of the work is a complished, and their power is exhausted. They country on a subsequent day, withdraw the ballots they I of already cast, and give them to different men; it they were so to act took first balloting make a constitutional election, if any one amdidate received a majority of the will comber, and their subsequent ballots would be [ old and of no earct

But it no candi late shall have received such highest numbers not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as inesident, the ilonse of Representatives shall choose immediately by ballot the President. The House having given a majority of all the States to one of the candidates according to the requirements of the Constitution, could human tatairy assume that it could, on a subsequal day, or then, vitadicwais vote from the person to whom it had east at, and give it to another!

levolved upon the House of Representatives, and as to propositions to amend the Chistanon, its requirements are as special and obdarate as fite. There is to be no room clauwed in matters of such selected, trancendart, and sacred interest for the pigging of pol-

But the leaders knew full well that an helmo more important work before it than to mendiagent of the Constitution must be ratified arrange the powers and manner by which d by three fourths of all the States; that the wa to be an ero, I, and the great men who secoing and adhering were alike and topodly composed that shop it with care and second adhering were alike and topodly composed the solution. They require to ellended action aggregate number were necessary to ratify an of Federal and State authority, and an anouse of the rold States that had rejected the Four- vacious forms of proceeding that necessarily teenth Amendment to actupon it ugain, and by required that afforded ampre opportraing formed, force, and other undue means operating that it is a communition, longing, and thought If the Constitution requires propositions to amend it to be submitted to not the States, and forms are to be strictly complied with; and

> 1. When proposed by Congress, two third by the election of members that have taken p. ice, trust vote for the proposed amendment 2. Every Sade has the right to have her to representation in both Houses, and to advocate or oppose by his ver-

na, Sonth Carolina, Georgia, Fiorila, Ala two Houses of Cargress their constitutional

ecuted, exhausted, and they cannot withdraw or expange the proposition. From them it is gone finally. They may atterwards renew the proposition, but it becomes a new one.

The United States were formed by the united it is sufficient to prefer articles in the strength to prefer articles in the strength to prefer articles in the louise, and the Government moves on as before the trouble.

The United States were formed by the Con
Members of the matter is exto only legitimate power, the States, is quantum to prefer articles in the strength to prefer articles in the States, is quantum to the attention of the proposition, but it becomes a new one.

The United States were formed by the Conoposition, but it becomes a new one.
When the two floures submit a proposition were formed by the Constitution, and all the powers which they position authorities, in the line of amending the Constitution, and all the powers which they position to that mode of mutilating the sets were delegated by the people of the States, and of getting a management, they may propose to the

R presentatives, and wond not allow the men other; ad most accept the mode poposed by the rational only there is not the popose of the popose

creases, varies, or continues the powers of those to non-by rejection of that proposition, and no nations, My first and an impassable objection to ad bothes, which are the same in x i respects with cose spurious amendments of the Constitution, both.

The idle suggestion has been made, that a never be before them any more, except a new case to add in the preservation of order, the domestic war powers, no war never be before them any more, except a new case to add in the preservation of order, the domestic war powers, no war never be before them any more, except a new case to add in the preservation of order, the domestic war powers, no war never be before them any more, except a new case to add in the preservation of order, the domestic war powers, no war never be before them any more, except a new case to add in the preservation of order, the domestic war powers, no war never be before them any more, except a new case to add in the preservation of order, the domestic war powers, no war never be before them.

on to power even by revolutionary violence, Hovernment to the test of these great and es-Amendment uson the States and the people, one continuous and frightful abuse and usurpaspirit the efficient government of the rebel States," tion that organized courts martial duting the re- which was the colmination of their effrontery and revolutionary excesses.

THE "NEW DEPARTURE.

These amendments and these legislative measures and their enforcement have made a runn of the Constitution; and upon it have established an absolute of garchical despoti un, partly civil and partly minitary, consisting of Congress and the communder-in-chief of the civil members that the organization of the partny I navy of the United States; and the divid branch of the Government, and the juris-Democratic party and all who have opposed diction conferred upon it, particularly of a l this despotism from its first germ to its present, cases arising under the Constitution and laws of from what it would be it acting by their con- enormous growth are invoked to accept it; the United Scates, would prove adequate to and to what end? It is argued that, by oppose settle every point of controversy between the ing and denouncing it, by avowing your pur-States and the United States; but deplorably oose to overthrow it and to rehabilitate the has that hope been disappointed. To have Government upon the great principles of the performed effectually that most important lunc-Constitution, you can never turn its authors tion, a jurisdiction to decide every question out of office and power; but take it, box down between the States or their citizens and tho and we ship it, and you will so augment your. I'mited Scates, should have been conferred extheir respective States and vote by lattot for President and Vice President, &c. "Had person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not expected by the light varied for as President and the persons having the highest numbers not expected by the light varied for as President with the light varied for as President with the light varied for as President variety of their places. And any purty given only in cases, smits, in law or country, that thus got their places would appropriate to itself their usurped despots in, its power and the United States, should have been conferred expenses. coding three or the list vared for as President its phager, and hold the a in its close cribrace conflict of authority between the United States untif an outriged proper should rise in resist- and the States, and the constitutionality of

and revolution to reinstate constitutional a proceeding in the United States Courts, government and popular liberty, is riusory, and have compowered add required them to de-It would be regarded by the good and the wise cide the validity of each and all such questions ot all parties as a weakness and felly, or us as they arose.
The Supreme Court, too, at an early day, and trung dawn upon those who entered into abdiented an indefinity portion of this limited

it general contempt or execuation. that or active for ible exposition were the a cial questions, and none to decide pol-terratives; but I would have an expressed, questions. But it no candilate shall have received such majority, "then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three on the list it as often as there was a probability that such does it mean by political questions? Where On these points, and also as to the men to be come up, to rule menu to be spurious and in- not be reversed, modified or revised by the cored for as President, when an election has val. I, and to adhere to that many in each and counts; but we have there is a question of prople, and whose

cho writes, or speaks, or talks for the fastour. Supreme Court to refuse or evade the nation. The friends of liberty and constitution has performed it, that question is to be dedon't govern a at a said allow them no peace color, and it the additional question, the or resting place in the United States; until power of the department or officer is also ma hey my expanged to ever, our pope, will be in the case, its decision of that question a so-out the slaves of the like and successive observation to properly remised or explicit.

ions tiled by the late civil war was that those absorb each other showers. who revolted against the Government had not 1. The judges of that court are generally se-

Fourteenth Amendment presed June 16, 1863, ing. or voting on the question of its rathina-formed and lashnould by a written Constitution, ways, to some extent, exist; but it will inand it has no powers but what are expressly crosse with and mark the degeneracy of politreceived, including Tennessee, the vote of but word the proposed amendment, though it was twenty-one, twenty-one, twenty-one, twenty-one, twenty-one, twenty-one, twenty-one, twenty-one are started by an including the contered upon it by that Constitution, or lead parties, and for some years has been grow-neity it. Maryland, Delawire and Kentucky no purt of the Constitution.

4. It may South Urrolling to the Constitution or the languages. Other government of the powers of the Covernment of the United States, but those are no in ore extreme and increasionable points. I have some the proposed amendment, though it was conterred upon it by that Constitution, or lead parties, and for some years has been grow-neighbor to the Covernment of the powers of the Covernment of the United States, but those are no in ore extreme and increasionable points. I have been proved to the Covernment of the United States, but those are no in ore extreme and increasionable points. I have been proved to the Covernment of the United States, but those are no in order to the Covernment of the United States, but those the Covernment of the United States, but those the Covernment of the Covernme powers must be sought and can be learned only partisans than some of the present Judges of I tmo, Louisiana, at I Arkansis, of the representation in both or one of them, with States implicated in the relection. Taus, by a the purpose, or until such States or States vate of all the States in conformity to the should rathly a proposed amendment of the performed by them, are a necessary and in his- of all enlightened potriots. They not only peasure part of the machinery of the United fail to perform the office of checking, or atment was rejected, and is not to-day rightfully and void soil proposed amendment, though it and validly a part of the times itution.

States Government, and the United States has tempting to eneck, the aggressions of Congress and validly a part of the times itution.

States Government, and the United States has tempting to eneck, the aggressions of Congress and validly a part of the times itution. To amend the Constitution is a special, complicated and most important power, organized 5. Any State, having voted once on a proby one of its express processions, a define entire posed amendment of the Constitution, has no process nears strictly conform to it. There is no stiding scale, no equity; it is inflexibly out the superposition. Let us 1 st the cantrove led amendments of which they might be punished by the Govern have not disappointed the faith upon which Arrendments must be proposed by either the Constitution by the principles which I have ment of the United States; but the places they were clothed with an ermine that was not two-thirds of both Houses or Congress, or by a hear i stated. The first one, that every pro- would be beyond the reach of all its power, intended to be spotle when the rebellion broke ont there were thirty-two States in the Union, and the Senate appliance with which such acts in Chicago appliance with which such acts in the Union, and the September and the Institute of States and Constitutions; that work is and corrective power for the institute of States and Constitutions; that work is a convergence of the Institute of States and Constitutions; that work is a convergence of the Institute of States and Constitutions; the Institute of States and Constitutions; the Institute of States and Constitutions are convergence and the Institute of States and Constitutions are convergence and the Institute of States and Constitutions are convergence and the Institute of States and Constitutions are convergence and the Institute of States and Constitutions are convergence and the Institute of States and Constitutions are convergence and the Institute of States and Constitutions are convergence and the Institu lathres of two thirds of the several S ites. A Congress as fixed at the time by the Constitution is of hoth Houses of the less number than two-thirds of hoth Houses of Congress cannot propose an ancidement to the Constitution. A person may be convicted on articles of imposedment by the "concurrence" of two-thirds of the members present;" but the majority of each State is a part of the United States the number required by the United States and Constitutions; that was to feeded only by successful revolutions; that was to feeded only by successful revolutions; that was to feeded only by successful revolutions of the United to propose an ancidement to the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present;" but the propose are first that the successful revolutions; that the successful revolutions; that the concurrence of two thirds of the members present;" but a majority of a unority of a unorit the majority of the whole Senote is necessary the majority of the whole Senote is necessary to constitute a quarum to do torsiness. The President may make treaties for and with the advice and consent of the Senote, provided two-thirds of the Senoters present concur. But in proposing amendments to the Constitution, two-thirds of the More senoters to the Constitution, two-thirds of the mailters present, are required to pass the propositions and get them before the constitution and many present and as Congress, or the United States in a State may by a foreign mation, the United States may reconquer it from that nation; and thereupon the authority, laws, and officers of the United Honse may present; but a majority of a quarum of the authority, laws, and officers of the United States and the States would be reinstated as altery were before the conquest, without any legislation on their part, but by the operation of the postliminary principle of united has a great power. There are few incument, never had any Constitutional or other part, but by the operation of the postliminary principle of united has a great power. There are few incument, never had any Constitutional or other part, but by the operation of the postliminary principle of united has a great power. There are few incument, never had any Constitutional or other part, but by the operation of the postliminary principle of united states in the fermion of the mainterin; and thereupon the third state was a foreign mation, the United States may reconquer it from that nation; and thereupon the indivity, laws, and officers of the United States and the States would be reinstated as a state would be r the propositions and get them before the each State, within its own jurisdiction, always rection against the United States in a State may exclude any number of the minority from States. When the two Honses of Congress propose the States, except Kentincky and Delaware, an amendment to the Constitution, they do a bave positively abolished it, and they have accounted of the law, and to suppress the insingle isolated act; they preform a function, quiesced in, and consented to its abolition, the surrection, if necessary, by force of arms; to purge or to precinde from the two llouses so and their whole authorny in the matter is ex- doing of this important act by the higher, the whole purpose is ob- many of the minority members as will give

Saces, then yes vens—three fourths—were noc-serioed by it. They cannot conquer a Sab, ressay to rarry it. But it received cray make maj upon it, or applishing oters me dor twenty-one vetes, it dat 2 Tennessee; fifteen laws. The Constitution contens upon them no against it; a long which were Virguia, North power to do three things. They may enact Caro ma, Son h Caroline, Georgia, Frotela, laws, declare war, make peace, prepose nur ad-Alabama, Louisiana, and Arkansas, of the legicles of the Constitution, culcive the execu-States implicated in the retellion, voted against tion of the laws of the Union suppress insur-I rections, repel in rusions and pantect the States The Fourteent oproposed Americanet having against domestic richards but the execution of there will be upon by all the States acting by those powers must pursue the form and manner their Legislatures in conformity to the proposet forth in the Constitution, and not intract sition of Voi gress, and its waiting six votes of any other of its provisions or principles. All the constitutional inspirity of three fourths of the war powers conformed on Congress or the the States to ratity a, that was a final dispusa- Urind States, relates exclusively to foreign

proposition, coming to them from Congress as execution and the maintenance of existing institutions and Lows, Federal and State. But the Radical lenders had decided to hold the Radical administration of the United States and they took measures to force this Fourteenth sential principles of the Constitution, and it is

in our mixed system of National and State Governments, conduct of jurisdiction between the Government of the United States and the States is mevitable; and this matter receive much attention from the convention that framed

THE CUPREME COURT.

The electors of a State are required by the constitution to vote for a President and vice resident, one of whom is not an inhabitant of resident, one of whom is not an inhabitant of party that may be batting with Redicalism cers, ought to have been made the graund of

t general contempt or execration.

I would make no forcible resistance to these invested the judicial department, by aunonocunen basents. I would obey them as valid when any tidal it had authority to decide only judicial.

a course would produce any effect upon public in is it defined them, or laid down any principolinion. I would have every Govern or of a pie or rule by which they are to be recognized? State, who held that they were invared, to de- The Constitution uses the terms elegislative, dare that position in his amound messages; "executive," and "judicial;" and, by a careful every Legislator: that accorded with the Gov- reading of it, we can begin in what sense; but ernor, to pass resolutions condemnatory of the term "political" nowhere appears in the thera; every court of any grade or jurisdic- Constitution. Acts which it requires to tio, whenever there was a c-se belove i in he done by the legislative or execwhich the validaty of those amendments fairly unive departments, we affunders out canevery case, until it was revised and reversed the power of the legislative or executive deby a superior court in the identical case, every parament to do an act, and the rights of effact executive officer who was required to do any party to a sait in a United States Court deact toward, their direct connecticut to refuse, pads upon the power of the department or natel he was constrained by need consorether officer to the act, it seems to me that is a juproper proceeding every actional convention, decid question which the court is found to in Igurent of which was that the arrended as all was never it is properly in the record. ments were not proposed and rather the con- Bil, according to my naderstanding, the Suffermity to the requirements of the Constitutional Court tokes the position that, where n, to pass respinious stating that position, many acts are performed by the legislative or and definiting them as from lideal, uning executive departments, or iffects belonging to described, built and would every cannot be the one or the other department, and the quesany office, who makes public speccase tion of the power to do the act arises in a case the people, and whose position is, before the court, it will not decide it because it these amagnificates are the product of it is political in its nature. This may be irregular and invited action of Congress, sound constitutional law and logic, but I do and consequently yord, should state and argue not see it. I know of no provision or princiion of the people, and was reproductes these of any question properly before it. If it be service is interpolations of the Constitution, whether a department or officer of the tioxhad I set forth his reasons for their condem- exament, authorized by the law to do an act,

garchies, and will have no Government, no But, besides the want of sufficient jurisdiction, and its abdication of an indefinite por-For s very years per we have in t with tion of what was co ferred by the Constituchose parase; in a strong settled by the war; toon, there are other facts in a considerations optimilities established by the war." There is which establish the inadequateness of the Snto truth or appropriateness in and language, premy Cour to hold in check the tendercy of for in our polity we have no waper of battle; Congress to pass acts not authorized by the out the Government and all its principle and Constitution, of the legislative and executive owers are metter of compact, and written departments to encroach upon each other, and impact, among the people. The only gress of the United States and States mutually to

enong a to effect a revolution; their claim lected more on account of their party posities Tright to secode before the buttle commenced, than their ability, learning, integrity and gen was as unfounded as it would be now; their eral fitness for the responsible position; and right of revolution the same then, now, al- this inevitable consequence has followed, that as to particular classes of cases, in the opinions this amendment the constitutional vote of three for this area of the States. The rejection of the votes of the rebel States would have been the rejection of the Tarreenth Amendment.

3. A proposition to amend the constitution of the States. The rejection of the States would have been the rejection of the Tarreenth Amendment.

3. A proposition to amend the constitution of the States is submitted by a ligher power in a Longress—the Constitution of the States; and if cleven, or one, or any number of them be prevented by frail, will state some of them:

3. A proposition to amend the constitution of the States are described axiomatic ractual oparation of some one of the constitution and prevented views of the political partison are to be present in the mind of all Americans. I much more conspicuous than the ability, learning, and rectiful to of great and virtuous judges.

The tovertiment of the United States is The event is natural to the system, and must also the constitution in the states of the constitution and prevented views of the political partison are to be present in the mind of all Americans. I much more conspicuous than the ability, learning to be prevented by frail.

The tovertiment of the United States is The event is natural to the system, and must also the constitution and prevented views of the political partison are to be present in the mind of all Americans. In the constitution and prevented views of the political partison are to be present in the mind of all Americans. In the constitution and prevented views of the political partison are to be prevented by frail.

The tovertiment of the United States is The constitution and prevented views of the political partison are to be prevented by frail and prevented views of the political partison are to be prevented by frail and prevented views of the political partison are to be prevented by frail and prevented views of the political partison are to be prevented views of the political partison are to be prevented views of the political partison are to be

Governments, by written constitutions, could the senior hunselishors in sight, and pretty be restored in full int , rity, it would be impessade for it to enture long without the or- soon we ware interviewing him in the apgruization of some such tribunal as I have prived style, the result of which was that we indicated; and to devise one both safe and ef-

Fed ral, but in all its julgments, and their exercism. National. It might not be fit and sufficient wooden axis better than any known invencited for its designs but sumething in this nire transmissible due to preseve constitution. It was also, he said myalaable to:

#### A FINE COLT SHOW.

ones as Wednesday's.

Sin: Ferring lest the mention of Dr. L. Herr's colt show on Wednes Lay last, at his resblence mar Lexington, should be omitted in terview, advancing the necessary tunds. May the city conecil to collect dues for gas and Chartered 1810. your valuable paper, I trust you will pardon he live till be collects the amount. ion was the general ore, and the Doctor's mended him to his friendly attention. breast must, indeed, have swelled with enection

ready reached the upper oranch, and such a mirsery lot as Wednesday's count fail to raise tilled now be doubted to one single moment, that to the work on the new ballevarl which Manalitian P. chan is in bed the nobleson of is to connect the thriving city of Ball Pant Marshrina Caref, shicky as public opinion once with South Frank ort is progressing finely. upon that imperant fact.

ergies of the Kontroky, and inited all broads supervising commissioner, requests us to most of trotters, is the carnest desire of

any time, appeal the construction of any retroad in any portion of the State. They bayesiil nahing against the Lexington and B g Sandy Railroad, and nothing against the Joa II..t.—The Cincinnati Enquirer has the assist Italians in settling lands in the West and Great Eistern, proposed to connect the Maystylle with the Chesapeake and Ohio road. But, which well assist Italians in settling lands in the West and South. then the Maysville papers and several of nesslay night;
the Lexington papers denounce the enterSatisfacts Royal Jagmess troups—royal, Big Sindy Railroad excites their opposition. Tany know we have the most direct and best route, and, therefore, they or pose it, and want us to abardon ours that their own enterprises in cysneceed. We are not greatly surprised at Lexington or Moysville, and give up our direct

155 For main or sewer pipe, at low pric s go to Speley's, St. Clair street

DECISIONS OF COURT OF APPEALS.

(Reported Expressiv for the Kanthery Vecence by Trad of genuine sensition, Daniel James, Attorney at Law, Frankfort Ky.) FRANKFORT, October 26, 1871. CAUSES DECIDED.

Wathen et al vs. Phill ps. Marion; reversed on city, is a conditate for the effice of Assistant for 1872. Terms, §3 a year. S. R. Wells, or gina and efficing done conscipred.

Ratedgevs Varmore: Clark; reversed.

Ratedgevs Varmore: C ORDERS.

bell et al. vs. Il ller et al., Allen; opinion ers are requested to be present. Microst et al. vs. (crear e al., Alea; opinion and jo lgin alselys de an legals submitted.
Lucig, Ac., vs. Kember Loui ville Chamery;
Uhrig, Ac., vs. Horstmen & Sons, Louisvillo Chamery petitions for researing overfuled.
McGurrays Woore &c., Ft.yl;
Lond Long Kisner Magalia.

God, Ac., vs. Rishor, Magaffia; Behad & Belt vs. Lewis, Magaffin; continued in Frankfort, St. Clair street.

FRANKFORT, October 27, 1871.

CAUSES DECIDED.

James vs. Stakes, Bock astle; Brown vs. Brock, &s., Lourel; continued until an | \$25 or arrest of the thief.

A TAR MERCHANIBINGERVIOWED.

equilibrium of the Government in its ablen axles, and, in its low body, crawned truth right out in meeting or once, anyhow, ministration, and to protect the Consideration with a weather-stated wagen-sheet, we saw. But Wentell is not one of the thousandwhat looked like tar-kegs in compact lows bund to decid questions of conflict of juris. What looked like tar-kezs in compactions diction between the United States and the among the straw with which the bottom of the bed was strewn. There were two yekens oxen; one spott of and build-faced, and the other the good of deashioned brindle, which the im--portation of Short-horns has pretty well time out at this region, but toth small, and rather people of the subdivisions, consisting of a calf-like in their budd. The near lead ox a few general but specified powers, with a had a rope to his horns, to the end of which was a small boy about ten years of age, bare supreme law, is a meressity; and the absence footed and dressed in a costume of tattered of such a tribunal, efficient for all the coids, jeans of different colors, which looked as if was the great defect of our system. This esthe original suit had given place to the patches the Constitution without protection against with which it lawl, from time to time, been Congress and and Pres doublid encrosses near, monded. Upon impury we lound that he was trun Pulaski county, and, in company with his father, hal come down for the purand all questions of contact of power between pase of disposing of a leago of tar, of which they had on leaving home unnety nine kegs, the selving price of which was eighty If our mixed system of National and State cents. While engaged in this conversation, of conflict of power between the Government Upon our injury as to what brought him so of the l'anted Sortes and the State; all ques-tions involving the constantion city of bulls far with his tar, as said, third times and behavior, to receive compensation from their time-but it had received its henviest blows one side of the bridge in use. respective States, to leave peopetical s ssion in from the use of each trefe in the gas works Washington City, with the power of taking recesses. The concurrence of a majority of the Thes tribing it, in its organization, would be genuine pane tar manufactured by him would were so in ch impressed with its sterling just,, in the 82d year of his age. qualities that we forthwith purchased a keg Capt. McGill, the enterprising proprietor of

the liberty I take to insert a few fines, for such a let token of further interest in this cotershow of wearlings and yearlings were proba- prising constituent of our friend Senttur Fax. November their gis and water will be turned b'y never seen before, either on this or the other | we give him a letter of introduction to Judge off. side of the Atlantic ocean. I thin't my opin Carko, eliter of the Owen News, and com-

when the sire of such animals was led out for | & The Adjutant General received in- but 4, for the purpose of organizing an Aarinspection. Such shows are more numerous formation yesterday, that on the night of the cultural Fair Association, and establishing in England, but after some years of experience. 21th inst., a body of white man and negoes fair grounds at or near Walton. Walton is and a somewhat close connection with the visited the houses of eight in subsess of a cini situated at the junction of the Short Line British turf, I must confess I was overcome party of State in tun, living to Madison, hear. Its hoad and the Covington and L xington with surprise, and I also add satisfaction, when the Jessamme line, seez d and destroyed there trouple, and offers an excellent site for far I saw the great breeder of such horses as Lady Thorn at I Mambrino Bertie submit to the pate. gams, shooting into the loutses and at the m-1 g ands lie opinion such a truey magnificent for of little mates. This is a high bearful outrage, which ed's or po mpt junishment. It is said that a The reputation of Mambrido Pache, has also in inter of the attacking party can be identified of outsiders, says the Big Sindy Her SOUND! Pays from her sur-

May the horse and his owner long live pros- and a week or two in ite of good weather portorsiy to further benefit the determined en- will see it completed. Gen. Lautsey, who is oner, as finds are needed to proscute the

whenever any roul is proposed to Lendit Paris, my, which will appear at Major Hall on Wed-

prise. At this time the Frankfort, Paris, and indeed, in all that is wonderful in their attractions. tive line of the show business-purformed last night before another immense audience, who shuddered—there is a good deal of the ever popular 'shudler' in them—at the ladder act. o' Susama and on; we here lat their tobact, nd applied to the ecro Kunsitchi the course of case partial properties of the first and the course of the Yor oyen a loop leaping, the humbon act of line for their out-of-the way circuitous routes. Miss Un sorvoy and Youtoma, the wire walking of Miss Femiliez and the tipe throwing of A herican audience, who only wonder why toe reliestra is adowed to man some of the best eatures, and why Ya zio is permitted to of-We common I the entert imment to a I who are

raffle of the oil portrait of Anne Boleyn for road, and, from present indications, their ef. and somely is Hyatt vs. Bank of Kentucky, Jefferson; the benefit of the Confederate Memorial Asso-McCormick vs. Roburds, Ass., Marion; cation will take place at Concry's, on Tuess-Hale vs. Robus, Davies; petitions for rehearing day night, at 8 %cl ck, when all the subscribthe benefit of the Confederate Memorial Asso. forts will be successful.

for I your planning needs repairing, go to Oscir Sieley, the only practical plumber

next to in.

by vs. Stephens. Magoffin; submitted on general Mrssrs Gray, Rodman, & Co. are receiving daily the old reliable Malthy's Dait-m re O, sters, which they will keep constintmare O<sub>2</sub> sters, which they will keep constantly on hand.

The elicor of the Kentucky People empires the derived near fit turkeys from Allen, &c., vs. McGrith, Shelby; affirmed Grouns vs. Birraes ad air, Power; r. v. r. el. Who vs. Scophens, Max dig; affirmed, bemoins the derived note fit turk vs. from birder's devisees vs. Dentel's nears, most general actioninal trades nesis, alies chicken choices.

The Louisville papers are exposing the Gurley vs. Kemper. Fl minz; motion to allow Lisa Weber trumpe for not paying their admandate to issue forthwith every ded.

Alams Express Compan, vs. Cay of Lariville, vertising balls. They exposed themselves

operatives by the r.

Wentell Paillins and in a sport the In passing up "I'm street yesterday, our other day that in 240,000 to lies, which make attention was attracted by a very primitive- up the population of Boston, there are not CAS AND WATER MOTICE. The Supreme Court, as a check upon the looking ex-wagon standing in heat of the in mothers at the stands. Bight for once; to title is then BY GIVENTALA ALL PE on roaching, usuring tendences of Congress, and as a conservative power to preserve the

> The live in Cancago has had the effect Both parties in the city have agreed to make guaranteed. no nominations, but to support a joint ticket with Mehll, of the Pribine, as candidate for mayor. With this beautiful exhibition of Back Again and at it! m inicipal goose has been too badly plucked to make the stealings worth fighting for.

> First trotting turl has lost two of its Ouerst silved St. Cair steet, naxidour to the finest horses in Kentucky within the past on remial those symmetric week or so, in the death of Clark Chief and Fancy and Family Groceries by Mr. John Minlis, of Clark county, Ken-tucky, and the latter of B. Curtis, of Brook-ley Now York to the latter of B. Curtis, of Brook-ley Now York to the latter of B. Curtis, of Brook-ley Now York to the latter of B. Curtis, of Brook-ley Now York to the latter of B. Curtis, of Brook-ley Now York to the latter of B. Curtis, of Brooklyn, New York, but kept in Kentucky. He was by Rysdyk's Hambletonian, and halwas by Rysdyk's Hambletonian, and had brother of Dexter, Geo. Wilkes, Abdallah and a number of other noted horses, and val u-d at \$20,000,

The cleared of Leantifully Thursday WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 1. ferrive, would, in my opinion, be a great an extrement of statesmeash p. I will merely suggest such a one as occurs to my mind for the consideration of able men.

Engfort, hving filters miles east of Somertine dust, and the air was delightfully bracing. gathered more interesting facts about tar than night after a gluomy day, and pesterday was bund, to have power, both by original and set, and near the Narrows of Reckeastle being tempered of all rawness by an mappellate jurisdiction, to decide all questions river, about seventy-live miles from here. clouded sun.

The attention of the city authorities thus involving the constitution city of bulls are will his tir, a shall first the way of placing a feet by Congress; all questions revolving the constitutional power of the President, and the constitutional power of the President, and all other orders of the United States theorem where woo len axies all other orders of the United States the constitution of placing a feet belt to the propriety of placing a feet by the constitutional power of the President, and his way to O venior only, where woo len axies crossing at the corner of Wapping and St. (The world noises or easy of the United States theorem where the constitution of the United States the constitution of the Uni all other officers of the United States therein and to count ment, to do any not weathered; and to count were still in use, not in well to do any not weathered; and to count were still in use, not in well to do any not weathered; and to count were still in use, not in the travel of a cross the bridge would be divided, and per-Presidentializer even election, in the presence axles has aid, not interested very much which some might with propriety be required to keep of the trabunat to hold their places during good, the tartrile - villing privated at the right, instead of as now having only

A CHALLANGE -\$1 ) to \$500 dollars Open to any person in Frinkfort that can who common to be necessary in all its decist informed as, was a fraud, as it would ruin produce as skill'ul a specimen of planting Tion CARDs and ENVELOPES at (their own make) as done at Seeley's, St

DEATH OF THOMAS EWING, SR. - The voneralle Thomas Ewing, se, of Ohio, whose at government and popular liberty of they stock, to place in water and salt troughs, to are not even now irrettievably lost.

| Keep off distances of various kinds | West keep off distempers of various kinds. We his home in Lancaster, Obia, on the 25th

> Attention is called to the notice given the Capital Hotel, who was present at the en - by M. A. Jones, who has been appointed by water tax, by which it will be seen that and ss those in arrears pay their days by the Is of Equal to the Great Emergency.

> > Ber'A public meeting will be held at Walton, Bo me county, on Saturday, Novem

Not PREPARED FOR FIRE. - For the infora'l, we will say that in this town of twe've plus cf hundred inhabitants there is not a fire engine company?' If insurance rates are not high they angle to be.

Of Color the census returns, the State of An Englithar, the subscribers to come forward and priy a A drima only locks eight persons of an even million of inhabitants.

> Bar The Ichans of New York City have THE ROYAL JAPANESE JUGILLIES AT MA- formed a bureau of immigration and a society to

> > for cheap gas fix wes. go to Seeley's, St. Clair street.

1 The Ashland, Ky, Furnace averages 1,000 tons of iron a month, resting on the GET HARTFORD POLICIES!!

The Parenological Journal is repres ated on our table by i.s November number The following contents are pritaularly inter- Oldest Stock Insurance Company in the esting : James McCosb, President of Princeton College; A. Man among Men; Spiritual Presence; The Elucated Man in American Society; Alexander II. Stephens; Thoughts on Phrenology; The Tagals and Visayans; ARE or I the good taste of ad present by his absurd. Healthy or Discused. Call Iron; "Fill up the This is a question of more than ordinary in 11 th tortesque during the walking act. (Mental) Measure 22 Peaching in Montal. mendations, or the Boy who got a Situation swept away by the burning of Chicago. E yele will be seen by reference to the etc. The publisher offers the last three nuncle Companies rightly decided perfectly sound a proper column, that John L. Sage I, of this bors of 1871 free as a premium to subscribe s week ago, have tren swampe I by losses ex-

We are requested to amounce that the gauge road from Princeton, Ky, to Clark-wille, are working hard for the establishment of the Paducah Kentuckian.

For cheap pumps and hydrants, go to Seeley's, St. Clair street.

## MARRIED.

By Elder J. B. Tharp, at the resilence of Mrs' Lettic Jett, in Franklin county, Ky., October 26t, 1871, or. George R. Butherford and Miss Sye C. Johnson.

ATTENDINGS-Mr. Michael Madden and Miss

## STOLEN-\$50 REWARD C WILL PAY FIFTY D DLLYRS REWARD for the delivery to us in Frankfort of a

Common Sense: Company vs. City of Luisville. Vertising Inits. They exposed themselves thereby the theory of the company vs. City of Luisville. Vertising Inits. They exposed themselves thereby the theory of the company vs. Blacker, Malison; polition for line without even that provocation.

Like vs. Maddle, Daviess; rebearing granted bonce vs. Cutchings, Louise II to bonse vs. Gutchings, Louise II to bonse vs. See advertisement of A. S. & L. E. Harve, offering \$50 reward for stolen house and under both had beels; thir rubbed of some types well passed to the Common Sense. Plackers the line is the very maddle, with oark learner of the chief.

Common Sense.—In Lawrence, Mass., they have settled the tabor question by paying the operatives by the r.

Frankfort, Kr., Oct. 37 n-41.

Frankfort, Kr., Oct. 37 n-41. LARGE BAY HORSE. Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 17 4-4:.

BEIN ABVIEWISHINGS.

M. A. JONES.

For all plumbing or gas fitting, call on to smooth over the political amagonisms. Oscar Szeley, St. Clair street. Satisfaction

brotherly lave, it is only a little short of fiendish for the Cincinnati Enquirer to ask if the same use to haveled trief do teat he is amongst to make in b massin H ars penela

NEW GROCERY STORE,

For One Night Only!

SATSUMA'S Japanese.

THE BIST PERFORMERS EVER IN THIS, LASTING, ADD, MOROCCO, AND CALF-SKIN COUNTRY.

The Original "ALL RIGHT!" Wi h this Treune.

ys in the lest and most fashionable style Loive orders at

CRUTCHER & BACCN'S Hit and Sher Sure

Harlford Fire Insurance Company

HARTFORD, CONN.

The Iron-Clad

Never Surrenders!!

Tested by the storms of Sixty-one Years and STILL IS

Sound! Pays from her sur
out-in.

Several First rate it into by Lors on R. C. STEELE.

R. C. STEELE.

# of any sort, not a foot of hose, not a single public well or eistern, not even a bucket

HER LOSSES BY THE GREAT

CHICAGO FIRE, Leaving her magnificent capital of

UNTOUCHED, AND QUARTER OF A MILLION SURPLUS TO SPARE.

"Get the Best." J. M. MILLS, Agent.

United States. Organized A. D. 1794.

# YOU INSURED?

(Mental) Measure; " Pre-bistoric Man; The signific once, now that nearly all the preminer t Boa Constrictor; Consumption; His Recurs; Insurance Cor panies of the bond have been

THE STAUNCH OLD BULWARK, The Insurance Co of North America PHILADELPHIA, PA. CASH ASSETS, over and above CHICAGO LOSSES,

# \$2,700,000

In consequence of the low rates prevniling in Chicago, this Company has done a minited business there for a year or two, and the result is the entire losses by the Great Fire 25 not xr ed Hilf a Million Pollies, not our-half a renet sir, lus over all 'unbelieus! This is the sail of the Company's prudence in retasing These sorking reliable insurance should se-

Still Old North America and versitures of Seventy-seven Years, paying losses in that time amounting to over

Twenty-five Million Dollars, it is a proud satisfaction for this grand Old Company, in this hour of terri 1 disester, to bear about the Old. Time-honored and Bittle-scarred Ban the assurery inscription thereon of "Security an Indem ity."
For Policies in this Stanneh and Trustwork R. C. STEELE, Agent,

NEW ADVER PERDMERTS.

TIAVING PURCHASED THE STOCK tip (the Sciance. John T. Gray, agend, I wish to inform my We are authorized to a accuse M. II. P. WIL-friends and the mildie generally, that I have LIAMS as a conflicte for Door keeper of the House just brought on a large and complete stock of

FALL and WINTER GOODS, So hes is usually kept in a first-class Boot, Shoe, Hat, Cop. Book and Stationery House, all of which I will cit on as good terras as any other house in the city.

I have just received a full associtment of

## MEN'S, BOY'S, AND CHILDREN'S HATS and CAPS

OF THE LATEST STYLES, SUCH AS Silk, Cloth, Cassimere, Plush, Felt, and Wool Hats, and Velvet and Scotch Caps.

Also a large stock of MEN'S, BOY'S, AND CHIL-BOOTS AND SHOES, Of Every Description,

And a large variety of WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES AND SLIPPERS. Which I will take great it are in showing to

SYSTORK OF School and Miscellaneous

BOOKS STATIONERY, IS FULL; AND MY ASSORTMENT OF POCKET CUTLERY & SCISSORS

Trunks, Valises, AND TRAVELING BAGS

Of every size at 1 quality.

MOTIONS. COMB : HAIF, CLOTH, AND TOOTH BRUSHES, TOILLT SOAPS, HAND GLASSES, RAZORS AND RA-ZUR STROPS, BOXES ALD BRUSHES, GOLD PENS, BACAGAMMON

BOArDS, DOMINOES, CHECKERS, PORTFOLIOS. WRITING DECKS, SCRAP ECOKS, AND A GREAT MANY OTHER THINGS.

All of will be a declarator wently ending on me at His Day Old STAND, ON MAIN STREET. L. B. Marshall.

FOR SALE.

bruciamation by the Governor. \$500 RHWARD.

COMMONWEAUTH OF KENTUCLY.

LARCUTTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that LACOB SPOONAMORE stands in Brechmit & Washing an Orient with the mit der of T om a C. Otter, on U. November, 1955, and its how a turntave from district so no me at large.

Now, there from 1958-570N H. LESSLIE.

By vernor of C. Commonwealth to be advised. Done at Frankfort, the Differ of Washingo is country and his delivery to the lifter of Washingo is country.

L. S commonwealth to be advised. Done at Frankfort, the Diff day of October, A. D., 1871, and in the 72th year of the Commonwealth.

P. H. LESSLIE.

Of Every Description.

Which are an in I to the Ladies at the Most Let.

The Technology I be with the Most and the Most Let.

Silks, Silk Patent and Cotton

Velvets, Velvetcens, Velvet

Ribbons, Velours, Laces,

Kid Gloves, Corsets,

C'illdren's Worsted Sacques & Capes,

Scarfs, Linen Cuffs and Collars,

Hociery, Zenbyr, Embroidered.

By the floverner: A. J. James, Secretary of State. DESCRIPTION. Is about 6 feet 3 or 4 inc > Ligh, dack complexion, 6) ek tarr and eyes, we gis about 1/3 pounds, about 33 years old.

POWELLS.

(OPPD-IIE CAPITAL LUFEL.) OYSTERS, BIRDS, FISH, VENISON, And all the delicacies of the Season served up in the timest style, at all licurs. He has his old and reliable Cook.

Aun's Lucy, And he flatters himself that he caters to satisfy the most as a drous tastes. Meals can be sent to Ladies or Gen-

tlemen at their rooms.  $\prod \mathcal{P}$  all Orders, to receive prompt attention, should be accompanied by the C sh. H. R. FOWELL,

J. W SULIVAN. SULIVAN & WRIGHT, FRANKFORT, KY.

WILL CONTRACT FOR HOUSE PAINTING Graining, Gazing, Paper Hangicz, Calcimin-ing, etc., in any portion of the State. The work will be done in the highest style of the art, and soustac-tion guaranteed in every instance. FALL & WINTER GOODS.



At his New Store, on Main Street,

FRANKFORT. KY., HAS JUST OPENED A HANDSOME Stock of FALL and WINTER Goods, such as Cloths, Cussimers, and Vestings, as choice as is to be four din the New Jurk market, which he will make up in the most approved style. His stock has been par based exclusively for cash, and he flatter binne f that he prices will satisfy those who may give into each. Don't torget the place. NELSON HEFFNER.

Centucky Yeoman Office.

This Mills in a preparent condition, and coing a prefitable lustices.

W. P. D. P. B. augstin algorithms. Kentucky Yeoman Office.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ASSISTANT CLERK OF THE SENATE We are authorized to announce JNO, L. SNEED, of Frankfort, as a candidate for Assistant Clerk of

DOOR REEPER OF THE SENATE. We are auth rized to announce S. O. CROCK-

DOOR-KEEPER OF THE HOUSE. of R.pre-enlatives.

CLERK OF THE SENATE. We are numberized to announce W. T. SAMUELS as a candidate for election as Clerk of the Senate.

82p15-11 STATE LIBRARIAN. We are authorized to announce General George B. Crittenden as a candidate for re-election to the office of State Librarian. ang31-tf2

ON MARRIAGE.

ITAPPA RELIFF FOR YOUNG MEN FROM IE the effects of Errors and Aboses in early life. Manbool restored. Nervous debit your d. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remorkable remedies, Books and Crephars sent free in seated envelopes. A lifess, Howard ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philad-Inhia Pa.

BIESCEILE AREOTS.

# OSCAR SEELEY. PLUMBER, GAS & STEAM FITTER

ST. CLAIR STREET,

Between Main and Market. Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Cold and Het Baths, Water Closets, Wash

Basins and Stationary Wash Tubs, Fitted up in a manner to combine Style and Dure 3

Gas Chandeliers, Brackets, Toilet, Li, bt, and Portuble Stands, French, Unt, and Plan Gless Globes, the Lamps,

Argand Shades, Chin neys and Bur ers, Is unusually large. I will also keep constantly Porcelvin, Mica, and Nursery St. des, Torches, Keys, Tapers, and

Taper Hollers, Also, Gas S aves. Old Fixtures Renewed. 

Latest Fall and Winter

Fashions! MRS. VON BORRIES,

I TAVING RETURNED FROM THE EAST, IS roce viag no nansually complete assertment of the latest Stylesoft Willinery Goods,

CLOAKS, DRESS TRIMMINGS.

Of Every Description.

Hosiery, Zephyr, Embroidered Slippers, Natural Hair and Curls, Chatelaines, Chignons, Japanese Switches,

Frizzles, etc., Is unsurpassed by any heretolore brought to PARTICULAR ATTENTION IS CALLED

'Thompson's Glove," AND

TRUE-FITTING CORSET, TO THE GENUINE Jouvin Kid Glove!

And to the REAL and IMITATION HAIR GOODS! Of which a full supply is on band. Also, to the fact that

All Gloves bought at my Store will be cleaned free of charge, when they require it. ma\_FURS and MUFFS repaired; FEATH-

EBS curled; and SWANSDOWN cleaned.

On Tuesday, Oct. 17th, The Grand Opening of PATTERN HATS & BONNETS Will take place; and all the Ladies are most RESPECTIVELY INVITED to call and make a critical examination of the same before pur-

chasing elsewhere. & B™All orders promptly attended to. Mrs. Otto Von Borries.

### NOTICE. FRANCLIN CIRCLIT COURT.

J. M. Helms' adva'r } in Equity. All persons having claims against the estate of J. M. Helms, deceased, are her by notified to prome the same properly proven before me, before the let day of February, 1872.

FRANK CHINN, Jr., Master Commission r Irankin County Court. FOR SALE.

I WHLE SELL OR EXCHANGE FOR REAL Estate in Franklort, one sixth in elect in the FRANKFORT CUTTON MILL.

AUTUMN LEAVES.

BY CHARLES DICKENS. Autumn leaves, Autumn leaves, lie strewn around me here; Autumu leaves, Autumn leaves, how sud, how cold, how drear!
How like the hopes of childhood's day,

Thick clustering on the hough! How like those hopes in their decay, How faded are they now! Autumn leaves, Autumn fear'es, lie strewn Smith. around me kere;

Autumn leaves, Autumn leaves, how sad, how T. STANTON. cold, how drear!

Wither'd leaves, wither'd leaves, that fly beforo the gale;
Wither'd leaves, wither'd leaves, ye tell a
mournful tale;

Of love once true, and friends once kind, And happy moments fled; Dispersed by every brenth of wind, Forgotten, changed, or dead!

Autumn leaves, Autumn leaves, lie strewn around me here;

Autumu leaves, Autumn leaves, how sad, how cold, how drear!

#### Foreign Mail Charger.

(From the Cincinnati Post-office Bulletin.) The following are the rates of postage (international and foreign) chargeable on correspondence from the United States for Aden, Ceylon, British possessions, and Protected States in Hindoostan, and the British Possessions. sions of Penang and Singapore, in Further Indin, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Yokohama, and Australia, in the German mails vin Brindisi:
Ordinary Letters—For the direct mail to Germany, 20 cents for each single rate of half an ounce or under; and 21 cents in the closed muil through England to Germany; prepay-

ment optional. Registered letters-For the direct mail to Germany, 30 cents; and in closed mail through England to Germany, 31 cents per each single rate of half an ounce or under, and in addition thereto a registration fee of 8 cents per letter;

prepayment compulsory.

Newspapers—For the direct mail to Germany, if not exceeding I ounce, 6 cents; exceeding that, but not over 2 ounces, 9 cents; exceeding that, but not over 34 ounces, 12

For the closed mail through England to Germany, if not exceeding 13 ounce, 7 cents; exceeding that, but not over 21 ounces, 10 cents; exceeding that, but not over 33 ounces

13 cents; prepayment compulsory.

Book Packets—In the direct mail to Germany, if not exceeding I onnee, 5 cents; over that, but not exceeding 2 onuces, 10 cents; over that, but not exceeding 47 onuces, 15

In the closed mail through England to Germnny, if not exceeding 1 ounce, 6 cents; over that, but not exceeding 2 ounces, 12 cents; over that, but not exceeding 39 ounces, 17 cents; prepayment compulsory.

Samples—In the direct mail to Germany, if

not exceeding 1½ ounce, 9 cents; over that, but not exceeding 2½ ounces, 12 cents; over that, but not exceeding 3½ ounces, 15 cents.

In the closed mail through Eugland to Germany, if not exceeding 1½ ounce, 11 cents;

over that, but not exceeding 2½ ounces, 14 rents; over that, but not exceeding 3¼ ounces,

17 cents; prepayment compulsory.

Note 1. The postage rates on packages of printed matter and samples, exceeding the weight of 33 onnees, are not given; but by adding the foreign charge of 3 cents per each 13 onnee to the international postages chargeuble thereon under the United States and German Postal Convention, the full rates on heavier packages can be easily ascertained.

Note 2. All matter sent by this route must be plainly inscribed with the name of the

### Storing Winter Apples.

A correspondent of Laws of Life, who chims to have extended experience, is "decidedly of the opinion" that apples keep far better when put into close boxes or barrels, and secluded as much as possible from the nir. When thus stored, he says, they will come out in the spring, full and plump as when taken from the tree. Many varieties, as the Talmen Sweet, Spitzenberg, and those kinds that are not considered as long keepers, and shrivel badly. will do well treated in this way. I have, he continues, found universally that they kept better to let them lie without picking over. It is much better to pile them into a large bin across the cellar, say six or seven feet wide, and cover them up tight, than to buy them on shelves. I once saw such a bin that a man had kept through the winter. About the first ot April, he thought he would open the window on the side of the collar next to the bin to let in the air, that they might keep better. I was at his place and he called my attention to the fact. Two windows over the bin were opened about ten days or two weeks, and the apples exactly opposite the windows, about one-third, rotted for as much as a foot in depth, and the remaining part on either side were not rotted at all. Another instance: A neighbor of mine had about five hundred bushels in a pile in a cellar. As they become a little specked he commenced picking them over; when about half done he got tired and concluded to let them go. When uniketed about six weeks after, he found that one third of those picked over were not fit for markel, while all but onetwentieth of the other was good. This I have seen in numerous instances. If you wish to try the experiment, make a box as tight as a G carpenter can make it, and when packing from the orchard, fill it and nail it fast. Let it lie in the orchard till it is in danger of freezing; then put it in the cellar. Put the same quantity on the shelves for trial. I am pretty sure one experiment will convince.

of schools among the emancipated negroes in the South has not had the effect of checking the popular belief in Voudooism, which, on the contrary, is spreading to regions where it was formerly unknown. One reason of this is the removal of all restrictions as to travel, thus permitting the agents of the superstitious to roam ahout in all directions. Any old rough-looking negro with a bag of lizard heads, old bones, and other trapscalculated to excite the African imagination, can trump from one plantation to another, living on the best the country affords without troubling himself about work at all The negroes will all fear him, and they will many of them be ready to pay him liberally for exerting his supernatural powers in their behalf. Some of these fellows are very cunning.

PASTRY .- The flour for pastry should be of the whitest and finest quality. It should be mixed with a broad knife, as the moisture and warmth of the hand make it heavy. The butter should be of the best quality, as if it is a little rancid it will taste. To make puff paste it or block tin plates are the hest for making BOOTS & SHOES. pastry. Always use cold water (in summer ice-water) to mix pastry, and if it cannot be baked immediately, set it away in a cool place.

HEAVY .- Tuesday on the adjournment of the court of claims, we gathered together 'Squire James Howell, Thomas Duucan, and R. M. Park, the three heaviest justices on the bench, and weighed them. 'Squire Duncan drew down 250 lbs; 'Squire Howell 254 and 'Squire Park 211 pounds, making an aggregate of 721 pounds.— Elizabethtown News.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE .- A sacramental meeting, to continue several days, will be commenced at Cherry Spring Church, Newtown, next Saturday. Preaching every day at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 6½ P. M. The Rev. J. H. Fitzgernld, late of Virginia, will said in the meeting.

Geography Times Georgetown Times.

A true religious instinct never deprived sale to the trade on reasonable terms for cash. a man of one single joy.

#### DIRECTORY.

STATE OFFICERS. GOVERNOY-PRESTON H. LESLIE. Secretary of State-A. J. JAMES. Assistant Secretary of State—Wm. II. Botts. Attorney General—John Rodman. Auditor-D. Howard Shith.

Trensurer-JAMES W. TATE. Register-J. A. GRANT. Superintendent Public Instruction-H. A. M. HENDERSON.

Adjutant General—James A. Dawson. Quartermaster General—Favette Hewitt Insurance Commissioner-Gestavus W.

Assistant Insurance Commissioner-HENRY Librarian-George B. CRITTENDEN.

Keeper of Poultentinry—J. W. South. Public Printer—S. I. M. Major. Public Binder-John Mantin, JR. COURT OF APPEALS.

Chief Justice-W. S. PRYOR. Associate Judges-M. R. HARDIN, B. J. PE-Reporter-W. P. D. Bush, Clerk-ALVIN DUVALL.

CITY DIRECTORY. Mayor—E. H. Taylor, Jr. Police Judge—John, B. Major, Clerk—S. C. Sayres. Attorncy—John W. Rodman. Treasurer—J. R. Graham.

Marshal-11. Hype. Board Common Councilmen-E. H. TAYLOR, Ju., A. G. Brawner, Jas. G. Duoley, B. F. Meek, A. J. James, W. P. D. Bush, L. Tobin, M. H. P. WILLIAMS.
Board School Trustees—G. C. DRANE, D. L.

HALY, J. G. HATCHITT. FRANKLIN CIRCCIT COURT. Judge—G. C. Drane. Commonwealth's Attorney—J. D. LILLARD. Clerk—Walter Franklin.

Sheriff-Joseph Robinson. Jailer-Robert W. Lawler, Assessor -- PETER JETT. Coroner-J. R. GRAHAM.

Court convenes Third Monday in February and last Monday in August. Chancery Form—Fourth Monday in June. Fiscal Term -Last Monday in January.

FRANKLIN COUNTY COURT. Presiding Judge-R. A. Tuouson. Clerk—James G. CROCKETT.
County Attorney—Ira Julian.
Court conveues lirst Monday in each

Franklin County Quarterley Court-Holds its forms on the second Monday in January, Apr.l, July, and October.

JUSTICES' COURTS. First District. Geo. W. Gwin-Second Monday in March, June, September, and December. Philip Swigert-Pirst Saturday in March, June, September, and December. F.

D. Reddish, Coustable.
Second District. B. F. Head-Fourth Saturday in March, June, September and Decem-

ber. G. C. Hughes—On Saturary after the First Monday in M reh, June, September, and December. James Hughes, Constable. Third District. William Morris-On First Saturday alter second Monday in March, June, Saturday after second Monday in March, June, September and December. Milton Wigginton—On Thursday after second Monday in March, June, September, and December. Flournoy

Satterwhite, Constable.
Fourth District—U. V. Williams and John W. Jackson-Both on First Saturday in March, June, September, und December. G. B. Harrod, Constable.

Fifth District. Joseph Harrod-Fourth Frinuy in March, June, September, and December. Nelson Moore—on Third Friday in March June, September, and December George Harrod, Constable.

CHURCH DIRECTORY. M. E. Church, South-Rev. T. J. Dond, Pastor Sunday services-11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Class Meeting immediately after morning services

Sumlay School-21/2 P. M Prayer meeting—Thursday, 7 P. M. Church meeting—Fourth Sanday, 914 A. M. Stewards' meetings—Monday, 7 P. M. Sunday School Teachers' meeting-Wednesday 7 P. M. PRESENTERIAN CHURCH-Rev. J. 11. NESSITT

Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Sunday school—2 P. M. Prayer meeting—Friday, 7 P. M. Chr. STIAN CHERCH—Eld. T. N. ARNOLD, Pastor Sunday services—II A. M.; 7 P. M Sunday school—O A. M. Prayer meeting—Wednesday, 7 P. M.

Catholic Church—Rev. L. Young.
Sinday services—8 A. M; 10½ A. M.
Divine service every morning at 7. Ascension Chuach (P. E.)-Rev. L. C. Lanco,

Sunday services—II A. M.; 7 P. M Sunday School—9) A. M. Divine service—Friday, 4 P. M BAPTIST CHURCH-Rev. L W. SEELEY, D. D.

Sunday service--11 A M.; 7 P. M. Sunday School-9 A. M. Prayer menting-Wednesday, 7 P. M.

LOUISVILLE ADVERTISE HEVES.

WILLIAM CROMEY WHOLESALE

PAPER DEALER, And Agent for the salo

NPOWDE !!. Manufactured by the ORIENTAL & MIAMI POWDER CO'S,

230 Main street, between Seventh and Eighth, LOUISVILLE, KY. CASH PAID FORRAGS

Pacores of Voctooism.—The introduction I schools among the emancipated negroes in sept26-

# U. S. HOTEL,

LOUISVILLE, KY, BURION & STOCKTON, Proprietors. This Hotel is being

REFITTED & FURNISHED.

JOHN OCH LAND

WHITE & COCHRANE, WHOLESALE OEALERS IN

NO. 214 (OLD NO. 603) MAIN STREET-

LOUISVILLE, .KY. 17 Goods at Eastern manufacturers' prices, for

# DANIEL BOONE DISTILLERY,

Frankfort, Ky.

PER WHISKY of his own manufacture, from two years old down, which he offers for augl -tf

OFFILIATIO

Proclamation by the Governor. \$200 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that a band of burglars and robbers robbed, shot and wounded a Miss Sanders at a talligate in Jessamine County, on Saturds), the Sunh September, 1871, and are now fugitives from justice going at large. September, 1871, and are now fugitives from justice, going at large.

Now, therefore, 1. PRESTON II. LESLIE, Govornor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a roward of TWI HUNDRED DOLLARS each for the apprehension and conviction of said robbers and persons connected with said shooting, and their delivery to the Jailer of Jessamine sounty.

{I. S}

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the Senl of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, the 15th day of Octol er, A. D. 1871, and in the 79th year of the Commonwealth. P. H. LESLIE.

By the Governor:
A. J. James, Secretary of State. cel17-3m. Proclamation by the Governor

\$500 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KRATICKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.)

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN
to me that CHARLES WALTERS and
M. WALTERS stand charged with the murder
of Willis B.ntan. in Pulaski County on 24th Novembor, 1959, and are now fugitives from justice, rembor, 1:69, and are now fugitives from Justice, going at large.

Now, therefore, I. PRESTON H. LESLIE, Governor of the Commonwealth abresaid, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HINDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS each for the apprehension of Charles Walvers and William Walvers, and their dolivery to the jailer of Pulaski counts.

L. S.

L. S.

Commonwealth to be alfixed, flore at Frankfort, the 16th day of October, A. D 1871, and in the 8ath year of the Commonwealth.

P. H. LESLIE.

P. II. LESLIE.

By the Governor:
A. J. JAMES, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Charles Willows is about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, by their, smooth face, gray eyes, high check boms, bittle stop shouldered, about 21 or 22 yours of age, weighs about 20 p and 8.

William Walters is about 5 test 5 inches high, dark hair, laz 1 eyes, barr inclined to curl, slow speaker; stim face, some heard when he escaped, and had a hollow cough, about 25 or 25 years old.

oct 9-3 a.

Proclamation by the Governor. \$500 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.)

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to use that W. ROBERT FAICH sample indicted in the Fayer's Circuit Court, and is now a indicted in the Fayerte Circuit Court, and is now a lugitive from justice going at large. Now, therefore, I. PRESTON II. LESLIE, Acting Governor of the Commonwealth attressid, dehereby offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of said Firch, and his delivery to the Jailer of Fayette county. In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunt. Set my hand and caused to be affixed the send of the Commonwealth. Done at Frank fort, the 4th day of September, A. D. 1871 and in the 20th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Gayernor:

By the Governor: Samue, B. Churchill, Secretary of State. DESCRIPTION.

6 cet high; eyes blue; fair complexion; light hair; weighs about 155 pound; sep5 3.n

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$500 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,

EXSCUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, IT HAS REEN MADE KNOWN to mo that JOHN SHACKLETT saids in dieted in the Melegan Circuit Court with the murder of Ben. B. Whitsker, and is nown tug tive from juston, going at large.

Now, therefore, I, Pike STON H. LESLIE, Acting Governor of the Commonwealth aboresaid, do hereby offer a reward of FIVE HPNDRED BOLLAKS in the approchension of said John Shieklett, and his delivery to the Julie of Velsean centry.

In Testinony Hierrof, I have hereoft, set my hand, and caused the sent of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done as Frankfort, the 26th day of August, A. D.

1871, and in the 6th day of August, A. D. monwealth.

monwealth. P H. LESLIE. By the Governor; S. B. Churchill, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Is about 31 rears old: about 5 feet 10 inches high; fair comploxion; rather swarthy; slight built; fittle inclined to steep-shoulder; grey hair; brown whiskers; slow of speech; thin visage, augr9 310

Proclamation bo the Governor.

\$500 REWARD

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTTORY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to mothat JOHN RUSSELL stands charged with the murder of Mr. Penly in Buder county, and is now a fugitive from justice going at large. Now, therefore, t. PRESTOS H. LESLIE, therefore of the Commonwealth aforesait, do hereby offer a reward of FIVE HINDGED DOLLARS for the apprehension of said John Russed, and his delivery to the Jailer of Butter county.

L. S. In Testimony Whereof, I have because seems haml, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Do it at Frankfort, the 7th day of September, A. D. 1871, and in the 80th year of the Commonwealth.

PRESTON H. LESLIE. By the Governor:
A. J. James. Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION. Russell is about 3) years old; 5 feet 9 or 10 inches sigh; spare made; dark complexion; large blue eyes, contracted temple; can't look a p rson in the tare then alking on hin; thumb on the right hand rooked—eaused by a relon; crucked wrist.

Proclamation by the Governor. \$600 REWARD.

Commonwealth of Kenticky,
Executive Department.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN
THOMAS, and ED. PORTER, are charged with
the crime of robbery and chooting at Al. D. Ferguson, with intent to kill, in Christian County, and
are now fugitives from jusitice, going at large.
Now, therefore, I. Pikeston H. Les Life, Acting
Governor of the Commonwealth altoresaid, do hereby
offer a reward of TWO DUNDED POLLARS each
for the approhension of said Watter Thomas, John
Thomas, and Fu. Porter, and their delivery to the
Jailer of Christian County.

In Testimony, Whereast, I. have hereanted.

By the Governor S. B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State-

Proclamation by the Governor. \$300 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to use that STEPHEN SIMPSON stands charged with the tourder of Jacob Rhoten, in Monroe County, on the 7th of August, 1871, and is Charged with the burder of August, R7t, and is Monroe County, on the 7th of August, R7t, and is Monroe County, on the 7th of August, R7t, and is now a fegitive trem justice, going at firgs.

Now, therefore, LeneSTON In LESLIE, Action Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension as Stephen Simpson, audhis delivery to the Jailer of Monroe counts.

She refers to the following persons, citizens of Frankfort Captum Sanders, Messes H. H. Murfachen, and of the Commonwealth. Done at Frankfort, the 25th day of August, A. D. 1871, and in the both your of the Commonwealth.

P. H. LESLIE.

Pinnes, tracting has contained for what the purchaser from any other source have to pay for the Piano only. This instrument is for what the purchaser from any other source have to pay for the Piano only. This instrument is for what the purchaser from any other source have to pay for the Piano only. This instrument is for what the purchaser from any other source have to pay for the Piano only. This instrument is for what the purchaser from any other source have to pay for the Piano only. This instrument is for what the purchaser from any other source have to pay for the Piano only. This instrument is for what the purchaser from any other source have to pay for the Piano only. This instrument is for what the purchaser from any other source have to pay for the Piano only. This instrument is for what the purchaser from any other source have to pay for the Piano only. This instrument is for what the purchaser from any other source have to pay for the Piano only. This instrument is for what the purchaser from any other source have to pay for the Piano only. This instrument is for what the purchaser from any other the Piano only. This instrument is for what the purchaser from any other the Piano only. This instrument is for what the purchaser from any other have to pay for the Piano only. This instrument is have to pay for the Piano only. This instrument is have to pay for the Pi

By the Governor: Samuel B. Churchill. Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION. About 25 years old; light hair; blue eyes; about 5 feet 7 inches high; weighs about 145 pounds; quick spoken; talks loud; a hearty, loud laughter; swears profuncty very frequently in common conversation his voice was shrill and clear, and a little fine; rather a smooth face, with very little beard, and that of a light color, nug29-3m

A few more of those cheap Boots Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., left at Helms' Old Stand Main treet.

PROFESSIONAL

D M. LOOMAN.

LEE & RODMAN. ATTORNEYS AT LAW. No. 6, Court Place, Louisville, Ky.,

WILL PRACTICE IN THE UNITED STATES and State Courts held in the city of Louisville, except Jefferson Circuit Court; in the Court of the counties of Bulli't, Spencer, Shelov, and Old ham, and Court of Appeals at Frankfort. dec3-ly

CRADDOCK & TRABUE. ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS FRANKFORT, KY.,

VILL practice lawin the Court of Aspeals, the Federal Court, and in the Circuit Court of the counts of Franklin.

G. W. CRADDOCK A leontinue his practice in those counties in the Circuit which he has heretofore been in the habit of attending, and will give special attention to cases in the Court of Appeals. They will give special attention to the preparation and management of cases in BANKRUPTCY, in which practice is F. J. RABUE has had much exercised.

L. HORD. Attorney and Counselor at Law Frankfort, Ky PRACTICES IN THE COURT Of APPEALS
Federal Courts, and the Circuit Courts of this
and adjoining counties, and takes collections for
any part of this State.

MAJOR & JETT. ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Frankfort, Ky,

F. U. MAJOR.

WILL PRACTICE IN THE FEDERAL Courts in Kentucks, in the Court of Appoals, Franklic Circuit Court, and in all other courts held in the county of Franklin and city of Frankfort. Office over John M. Helms's boot and shoe store.

WYILL PRACTICE REGULARLY IN THE Varieties and in the Circuit courts of Henry, Trinble, Beene, and Gallatin courties, and in the Circuit Court of Carroll county, in conjunction with W. M. Fisher, of Carrollton, and also is the Owen Circuit Court in conjunction with H. P. Montgomery, of Owenton.

T. N. & D. W. LINDSEY, ATTORNEYS, FRANKFORT, WILL PRACTICE IN COUNT OF APPEALS and Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the States of Kentucks; in the Circuit Courts of Anderson, Shelby, Henry, Franklin Woodford, Owen, Scott, and Grant, and takes collections for any part of Kentucky. ections for any part of Kentucky. Office conner of Main and St. Clair streets docks if

JNO. & J. W. RODMAN, Attorneys at Law, FRANKFORT, KY., WHLL practice in the counties of Henry, Old-ham, Trimble, and Shelby, and in all the Sourt at Frankfort.

DR. W. B. CONERY ESPECTO" LLY TENDERS HIS PRO-

fessional services to the public. FRANKFORT, KY., Merch 10 1871-tf DR. WAGGENER

RESPECTFULLY TENDERS HIS PRO-

BRANKFORT, KV., Oct 22, 1870-tf BNSUBSANCE.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE IN THE FOLLOWING FIRST-CLASS COM-LIVERPOOL, LONDON, AND GLOBE.

HOME OF CONNECTICUT. SOUTHERN MUTUAL LIFE OF KEN.

TUCKY. JAS. A. DAWSON. Agent, Frankfort.

# MOUND CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

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All Pulicies non-forscitable after payment of one minual premium. Nett princeeds of business in this State to be in-ested in this State, under advice of Branch Board. I Trustees.

J. A. GRANT,

Jailer of Christian County.

In Testimony Whereof, I have become a set on hand, and caused the seal of the set of the Commonwealth to to nffixed. Hone at Frankfort, this 25th day of August, A. 1998.

PRESTON II, LESLIE.

By the Governor:

And takes this method of informing the community at large that he is prepared to fill all orders. Partie-ular attention is paid to long and heavy material for Bridges, Warehouses, Ruilroads, and solicits an equal partenage of Stort Lumber. Laths can be furnished in all quantities. All dono at short notice and at the lowest price.

PIANOS! PIANOS!!

MRS. JANE BUTLER. OF THIS CITY, HAS SECURED THE AGENCY for HINZEN & ROZEN'S celebrated make of Pianos, which took the premium at the Louisville Fair. Mrs. Butler is prepared to turnish these Pianes, tegether with stool and cover, all delivered, for what the purchaser from any other sour e would have to pay for the Piano only. This instrument is highly resonmended by all Professors of Music.

FOR SALE.

DESIRING TO CHANGE LOCATION, I WILL selt the land on which I now reside, situated on Kentucky river, 24, miles from Frankfort, 14 miles from Frankfort and Lawrenceburg Turnpike fload, in contrast to our first

160 acres cleared, the balance in wood land and a fall, stable, smoke and occ-house and other me essary out-huildings, with a small orchard and other fruit. Terms casy. Address.

Farmfalo Post-office, Franklin county, Ky.

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ESTABLISHMENT.

Frankfort, Kentucky.

FANCY AND PLAIN

JOB PRINTING

We call attention of those desiring superior work on the best terms to our facilities for printing every description of

BRIEFS.

BOOKS, CARDS.

POSTERS,

PAMPHLETS, LETTER-HEADS.

BILL-HEADS, &C.

We have a great variety of Wood and Meta Types of the Latest Styles, together with STEAM POWER AND CARD PRESSES. Fine Papers and luks, and employing the most experienced workmen, we are enabled to turn out all kinds of work in a style equal to any office in the West, and at reasonable prices.

Particular Attention paid to Printing

BRIEFS

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LEGAL BLANKS

Lowyers nitending the Courts of Frank fort can have their Briefs or Business Cards printed at the shortest notice.

A Full Supply of BLANKS for CLERKS, SHERIFFS, MAGISTRATES, &e. Kept Constantly on Hand.

NEW BACON.



L. TOBIN HAS for sale an excellent article of New Bacon

His Own Curing which ho will sell at Louisville prices. He asks: friends and customers to call indoxamine it.

# CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEED

Just received er Dovo No. 2, and for sale low nelose consignment by G. B. MACKLIN.

DRY GOODS.

1871.

# SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS,

And will be in receipt of everything new every few days until the middle of June. For

S. I. M. MAJOR, Variety, Style, and Cheapness

It has not been surpassed in the last six years,

embracing everything NEW AND DESIRABLE, WHICH I CAN OFFER AT

Greatly Reduced Prices! 3,000 yards Dress Goods, adapted

to the present season. 2,000 yards black and colored Grenadines, in quality and style better than they have been for years.

50 pieces black Alpaccas, of a very celebrated make which tave sold with great credit.

200 dozen Colton and Lisle Ho-

100 dozen Jouvins' and Alexander's Kid'Gloves, in all colors. 50 pieces Nottingham Lace Goods,

FRENCH WORK IN EVERY STYLE AND QUALITY WITH THE LARGEST LOT OF

FRENCH & HAMBURG

Trade at the LOWEST

CASH PRICES.

beautiful patterns, and very cheap.

Ever offered in a RETAIL HOUSE, all of which will be offered to

J. M. ELLIOTT. LEXINGTON, KY., Ladies' ready-made Walking Suits of

every style and material. TIN EDECER'S A SA TOROS -- ET E' ER N B'STETAR BO.

JOHN R. GRAHAM,



Et Clair St .. Frankfort. Ky

DEALER IN Metalie Burial Caskets and Cases, and Wooden Coffins, and Coffin Furnishing Materials.

I HAVE, AND WILL CONTINUE TO KEEP; the largest and best selected stock of METALIC BURIAL CASES AND CASKETS

Ever offered in this City. Also any size of Wood-on Coffin, ready made, or furnished to order as de-sired. Grad Horses and Careful Drivers in Attendunce in or out of the City at any Hour.

Individuals or families can teel assured the al rdors intrusted to me will be carofully and prempt, y attended to. Special inducements a offered to

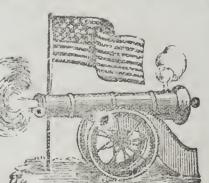
UNDERTABERS In oreur of the city either for Caskets, Cases, Cofe fins, or Trimmirgs.

SODA WATER

FIRST CLASS APPARATUS, Cream & Fruit Syrups,

AVERILL'S DRUG STORE.

The Presence and Patronage of the Ladies is particularly solicited.



FOR SALE.

DWELLING HOUSE

WISH TO SELL THAT LARGE AND DESIRable dwelling now occupied by my father, Mr. Hubbard Taylor, and known as the property formerly owned by Mrs. Catharino Johnson. It is one of the most desirable residences in Frankfort.

For price and terms (which will be reasonable) address methrough hox 153, Frankfort.

GOLBY H. TAYLOR.

I WILL, COMMENCE DELIVERING ICE ON the FIRST DAY OF MAY, and me prepared now to furnish it to consumors in any quantity, up, on application at my residence, St. Clair Street-north of the State House. ANFORD GOIN. feb27-U